

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM
UPPER PRIMARY SECTIONS
ANNUAL EXAM (MARCH – 2018)
CLASS – IV

SUBJECT: ENGLISH TIME: 2 HOURS MARKS: /60

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____ Date: _____

Instructions:

- 1. Read the questions carefully and attempt all.**
 - 2. Read your paper thoroughly before submission.**
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PART-A

I. Circle the correct spelling: (½ x 2 = 1M)

- 1) (a) nursaries (b) nurserys (c) nurseries (d) narsary
- 2) (a) horified (b) hoarified (c) horefied (d) horrified

II. Rewrite the following sentence using punctuation: (1x1 = 1M)

- 1) Miya exclaimed what a beautiful sight
- _____

III. Fill in the blanks with correct homophones: (½ x4 = 2M)

- 1) This room is _____ cold _____ stay in winter. (to / too)
- 2) Did you _____ the little bird that was singing _____? (here / hear)

IV. Underline the correct word: (½ x2=1 M)

- 1) The mouse **squeaked** / **sneezed** as it ran away from the cat.
- 2) Aysha's stomach **snored** / **groaned** because she had not eaten anything in the morning.

V. Rewrite the words by suffixing with ‘-ing’: (½ x 2 = 1 M)

- 1) dye - _____
- 2) refuse - _____

VI. Complete the sentence with the correct words:

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1M$)

- 1) He is _____ good in studies. (quiet / quite / quit)
- 2) Trees provide _____ to all living beings. (shadow / shade / shed)

VII. Write the opposite of the given words : (ANY FOUR)

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2M$)

- | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-------|-----------|---|-------|
| 1) innocent | x | _____ | 4) appear | x | _____ |
| 2) awake | x | _____ | 5) exit | x | _____ |
| 3) sorrow | x | _____ | 6) lend | x | _____ |

VIII. Write the meaning of the following words:(ANY TWO)

($1 \times 2 = 2M$)

- 1) judgement - _____
- 2) croaking - _____
- 3) huddle - _____

IX. Frame meaningful sentences for the given words: (ANY ONE)

($1 \times 1 = 1M$)

- 1) threatened - _____
- 2) alive - _____

X. Give one word for the following:

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1M$)

- 1) a person who rides and look after the elephants - _____
- 2) to promise to tell the truth- _____

XI. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answer:

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2M$)

- 1) Lamai's favourite fruit is _____.
- 2) _____ was Nandan's assistant.
- 3) The people _____ at the king's great wisdom.
- 4) Hornbills are the _____ of the rainforest.

XII. Rearrange the given jumbled words to make a meaningful sentence:(1 x 2 = 2M)

1) playing / are / they / now / cricket

2) food / get / hungry / the / waited / beggar / to / the

XIII. Write True or False:

($\frac{1}{2}$ x 2 = 1M)

1) Lamai's father rows the boat to the market. _____

2) The Great Indian Hornbill has a red beak. _____

PART-B

I. Give suitable subject to the following:

($\frac{1}{2}$ x 2 = 1M)

1) _____ has eight planets.

2) _____ swims in the river.

II. Underline the adverbs and state their types:

(1 x 2 = 2 M)

1) Sherin dressed beautifully for the dance. _____

2) I am waiting inside the hall. _____

III. Match the following:

($\frac{1}{2}$ x 6 = 3 M)

1) Adjectives of Quality - Sam likes those mangoes. ()

2) Adjectives of Quantity - Neither statement is true. ()

3) Adjectives of Number - Whose shirt is this? ()

4) Demonstrative adjectives - Most girls like Kho Kho. ()

5) Distributive adjectives - Raju has little sense. ()

6) Interrogative adjectives - Solomon was a wise king. ()

IV. Rewrite as directed:

(1x2 = 2 M)

- 1) The cook prepares food. (Change into Simple Past Tense)

- 2) Rohit wrote a letter to his friend. (Change into Present Continuous Tense)

V. Rewrite the following sentences by using the Adverbs of Frequency given in the bracket:

(1x3 =3 M)

- 1) The manager scolds his men. (rarely)

- 2) I get up late on Saturday. (usually)

- 3) Ihsan goes to the movie hall. (sometimes)

VI. Underline the adjectives of the given sentences:

($\frac{1}{2}$ x4 = 2M)

- 1) She is the better writer of the two.
- 2) She is a beautiful girl.
- 3) He was the happiest man in the village.
- 4) Ruby is the most intelligent girl in the class.

VII. Fill in the blanks with the correct degree of adjectives given in the bracket:

(1 x2 = 2 M)

- 1) Burj Khalifa is the _____ building in the world.(tall)
- 2) Prevention is _____ than cure. (good)

PART-C

I. Answer the following in one sentence: (ANY FOUR)

(1 x 4 = 4 M)

Q1. Where do the market boats gather?

Q2. Why did the narrator go to the hospital?

Q3. What else do the hornbills eat other than figs?

Q4. "Bring forward that baby, along with your sword and cut this child into two."
Who said this to whom?

Q5. How many types of hornbills are there in the world?

II. Complete the lines of the poem:

($\frac{1}{2}$ x 6 = 3 M)

The furry moth

And moles and _____

Explores the sky,

III. Answer the following: (ANY THREE)

(2 x 3 = 6 M)

Q1. How do hornbills look after their babies?

Q2. Which woman agreed to the king's judgement? Why was she willing to agree?

Q3. Give the character sketch of King Solomon.

Q4. Who were Kannan and Nandan? What was the unusual sight that the writer saw in front of the hospital?

IV. Answer in detail: (ANY ONE)

(1 x 3 = 3 M)

Q1. What sounds do the hornbills make as they fly through the air? Why do they make this sound?

OR

Q2. How do hornbills help other creatures and plants of the rainforest?

V. **Annotation: (ANY ONE)**

(1 x 3= 3 M)

Q1. “Nothing in the rainforest is ever wasted”

What does the speaker mean by this? What example is used to prove this point?

OR

Q2. “Give the child to this woman- the woman who wants the child to be saved; she is the real mother of the living child!”

Who said this to whom? Why?

PART-D

I. Read the following passage and answer the questions:

(1 x 4 = 4 M)

It is interesting to learn about the things that live in water. Bugs and fish live in the ponds, as do toads. You are likely to find small fish such as sunfish and perch in a pond as well as turtles and snakes. Mosquitoes, horseflies, dragon flies and other insects often hatch in the ponds.

Oceans have many tiny plants and animals just as ponds do. We make good use of many plants and animals from the sea. Crabs, clams and many of the fish from the ocean such as tuna and cod are good to eat. They also have many shellfish. Sea urchins are strange looking shellfish, because they have a hard shell that looks like a pincushion full of long pins. Crabs, clams and turtles also have shells. Some animals live between the water and the shore. They live in the tide pools which are little pools of water left by the huge waves. Mussels, sand dollars, ghost crabs and sand crabs live that way. Just beyond the edge of the sand, in the shallow part of the ocean, are many kinds of seaweed. One kind of seaweed, called kelp, is probably the longest plant on the earth. It can be as long as 24 meters.

1. Name some of the seafood which are good to eat?

2. Write two sentences about Kelp.

3. State True or False

a. Mosquitoes and horseflies live in the tide pool - _____

b. Crabs, Clams have shells - _____

1. Find the opposites for the given words.

a. deep x _____ b. shortest x _____

