

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM
UPPER PRIMARY SECTION
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (JUNE – 2014)

CLASS : IV
SUBJECT: MATHS

TIME : 2 hours
MARKS: ORALS = /10
WRITTEN = /50
TOTAL = /60

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

Instructions:

Part A and B to be done in the Question Paper itself.
Read the questions carefully and attempt all.
Read your paper thoroughly before submission.

PART – A

I Choose the correct answer from the bracket

($\frac{1}{2}$ x10 = 5)

1. If we subtract a number from its _____ we get ' 1 ' as answer.
(predecessor, successor, sum, minuend)
2. The sum of the largest 5 digit number and '1' is equal to _____
(99000, 10000, 100000, 10001)
3. The result which we get after subtraction is called the _____
(minuend, subtrahend, difference, product)
4. In a subtraction if the subtrahend is zero then the difference will be equal to _____ (zero, subtrahend, minuend, one)
5. One less than the smallest 4 digit number is _____
(10000, 9999, 1000, 999)
6. Product of a number and _____ is zero
(1, 0, 100, number itself)

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7. _____ x 1000 = 840000 (100, 84, 804, 840)
8. The number from which another number is to be subtracted is called _____ (subtrahend, minuend, difference, addend)
9. A number subtracted from _____ gives ' 0 ' as difference.
(number itself, 1, 0, none of these)
10. 252 x _____ = 252000 (100, 10, 1000, 252)

II Fill in the blanks

(1 x10=10)

1. 49624 + 5034 = _____ + 49624
2. Successor of 9899 is _____
3. The Numbers being added are called _____
4. When _____ is added to a number its value does not change
5. _____ - 0 = 78943
6. 10000 - _____ = 9999
7. 98345 x _____ = 0
8. 11 x 9000 = _____
9. The result of multiplication is called _____
10. 1718 x (862 x 45) = 862 x (_____ x 45)

III Mark the following as True or False

(½ x 10 = 5)

1. If two sums are added in any order, their sum remains the same.(True/False)
2. Successor of the largest two digit number is equal to the smallest three digit number (True / False)

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3. $(6 + 3) \times 2 = (6 \times 2) + (3 \times 2)$. (True / False)
4. If ' 0 ' is subtracted from a number, the difference is zero. (True / False)
5. Product of two number will change if order of the numbers are changed. (True / False)
6. $38489 \times 0 = 38489$ (True / False)
7. Subtrahend is always less than the minuend. (True / False)
8. Sum of subtrahend and difference gives minuend (True / False)
9. $200 \times 5000 = 1 \text{ lakh}$. (True / False)
10. Multiplication is the repeated addition of a number (True / False)

IV Match the following

($\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$)

- | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | $434 + 0$ | (a) 9899 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. | 1000 is the successor of | (b) Subtrahend | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. | $945 - 945$ | (c) Multiplicand | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. | $811 + 9 =$ | (d) 434 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. | 100 less than 9999 | (e) 4340 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. | 434×10 | (f) 999 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. | Minuend – Difference | (g) Sum | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8. | $834 \times 10 \times 9$ | (h) 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9. | Number to be multiplied | (i) 820 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10. | Answer of an addition | (j) $9 \times 834 \times 10$ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

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V Write appropriate number in the box

($\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$)

1. $0 + 3432 = \boxed{}$
2. $264 + \boxed{} + 562 = 100 + 562 + 264$
3. $4384 + \boxed{} = 4385$
4. $2444 - \boxed{} = 2000$
5. $57570 - \boxed{} = 0$
6. $0 \times 63 \times 6 = \boxed{}$
7. $10 \times 8 + \boxed{} = 90$
8. $600 \times \boxed{} = 600$
9. $\boxed{} - 0 = 7070$
10. $3 \times 12 - \boxed{} = 30$

PART – B

- I Which number is 376 more than 16742 ? (2 $\frac{1}{2}$)

- II. What must be added to 5438 to get 9000 ? (2 $\frac{1}{2}$)

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III Find the missing subtrahend

(3)

$$\begin{array}{rcccccc} 5 & 3 & 1 & 7 & 0 & 0 \\ \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square \\ \hline 2 & 8 & 3 & 4 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$$

IV Find the product of 6394 x 29

(3)

V Raju can write 286 words on a page. How many words he can write on 169 such pages ?

(3)

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VI A student was told to write the numeral for nineteen thousand three hundred fifty six. But he wrote ninety thousand five hundred thirty six.

Write both in numerals and find the difference between them. (3)

VII On his return from Saudi, Mr Khan bought a cottage for Rs. 3,48,380, a car for Rs. 1,35,854, a TV for Rs. 32,000 and a camera for Rs. 8,354. Find the total money spent by him. (3)

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