

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL - DAMMAM

FIRST TERM EXAMINATION - (2017-2018)

SOCIAL SCIENCE

SET - A

CLASS - IX

TIME: 3 Hours

MAXIMUM MARKS: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The question paper has **27** questions in all. All questions are **compulsory**
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- Questions from serial number **1 to 7** are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **1 mark** each.
- Questions from serial number **8 to 18** are **3 marks** each. Answers of these questions should not exceed **80 words** each.
- Questions from serial number **19 to 25** are **5 marks** each. Answers of these questions should not exceed **120 words** each.
- Question number **26** and **27** are map questions **2 marks** for History map and **3 marks** for Geography map. After completion attach the maps inside your answer book.

- 1) In which year was slavery finally abolished in the French colonies? **1**
- 2) What was the name of the direct tax paid by the third estate to the state? **1**
- 3) What is apartheid? **1**
- 4) Name the highest peak in the Eastern Ghats? **1**
- 5) What are tectonic plates? **1**
- 6) What is multiple cropping? **1**
- 7) The clay used by a potter is an example of which type of capital? **1**

- 8) How was the system of estates in French society organized in the 18th century? 3
- 9) Give any 3 reasons for the empty treasury of France under Louis XVI? 3
- 10) Give the reason for the walk out from the assembly of Estates General by the members of the Third Estate on 5th May 1789. What 2 steps were taken by the members of the third estate after walk out? 3
- 11) Explain meaning of the terms Sovereign, Secular, Republic as the key words to the Constitution of India? 3
- 12) How was the apartheid system oppressive for the native people of South Africa? 3
- 13) Why was every election won by a party called PRI in Mexico? Give any three reasons? 3
- 14) How were the Himalayas formed? 3
- 15) In which hemisphere does India lie? Name the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of Indian mainland? 3
- 16) Why 82°30' E has been selected as the Standard Meridian of India? 3
- 17) How did the spread of electricity help farmers in Palampur? 3
- 18) What are non-farming activities? Explain any 2 non farming activities taken up by the people of Palampur village? 3
- 19) What is subsistence crisis? What were the reasons that led to subsistence crisis in France during the old regime? (1+4) 5
- 20) What is democracy? What are the features of democracy? (1+4) 5
- 21) "The making of the constitution for a huge and diverse country like India was not an easy affair." Justify the statement. 5
- 22) Explain the features of the Indian Desert. 5
- 23) The central location of India at the head of the Indian Ocean is considered of great significance. Why? 5
- 24) What is the aim of production? Explain the requirements for the production of goods and services. (1+4) 5
- 25) Name any 2 states in India who were the first to try out modern farming methods. Write any 3 demerits of Green Revolution. (2+3) 5

26) In the given outline **map of France** **Locate and Label** the following

2

A) The capital of France

B) A town in south of France.

27) **Identify on the map of India** the marked places with the help of the information given below. Write their correct names on the lines marked in the map.

a. Mountain peak $\frac{1}{2}$

b. Mountain range $\frac{1}{2}$

c. Plateau $\frac{1}{2}$

d. Coastal plain $\frac{1}{2}$

Locate and label on the same map of India

1

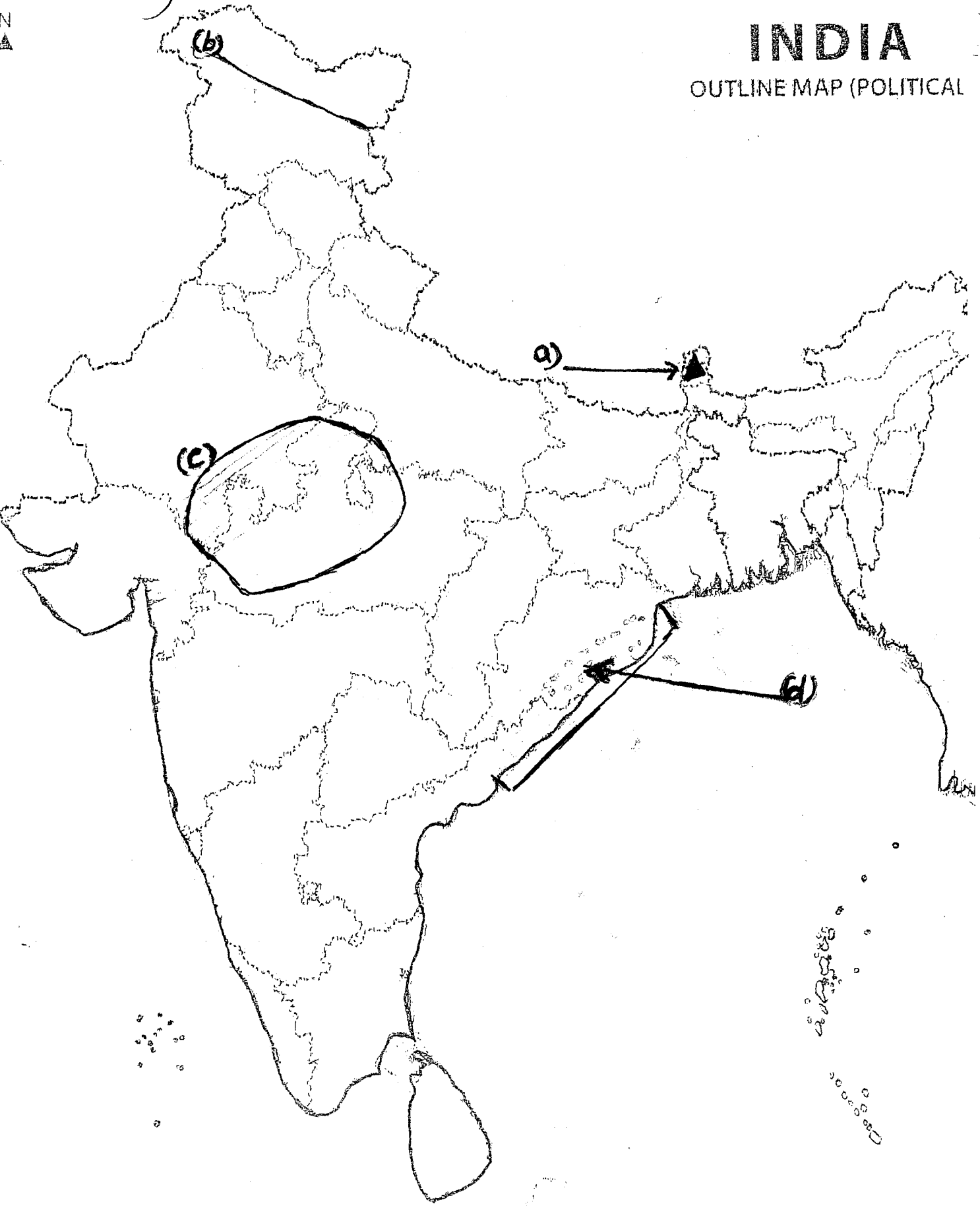
i) Northern most point

27)



INDIA

OUTLINE MAP (POLITICAL)



SET-A

ΔN

26)

