

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL DAMMAM
ANNUAL EXAM REVISION WORKSHEET (2017- 2018)
ENGLISH CLASS-VI
DIRECT AND INDIRECT SPEECH

Change the speech of the following from direct to indirect:

1. Rajesh says, "Children like to play."

2. Your brother will say, "Life was very hard during the war."

3. The teacher said to him, "You have not done your work well."

4. Ramu said, "I was going to school every day."

5. They complained, "We have been waiting for hours."

6. Rita said, "I will be using the car next Friday."

7. John said, "I bought this record two weeks ago."

8. The teacher said, "The earth revolves round the sun."

9. Rahul said, "I taught online yesterday."

10. The girl said, "It gives me great pleasure to be here this evening."

11. Mary said, "I wrote the test very well."

12. The captain said, "I am playing first."

13. Rajkumar said, "I have finished my work."

14. Muthu said, "I was preparing for the test."

15. The teacher said, "Ice is cold."

16. The Prince told the hermit, "I know your powers very well."

17. Raja said, "I finished my homework yesterday."

18. The teacher said to Ragu, "I will punish you if you are late."

19. My father said to me, "You are not good at studies."

20. Bala said, "I am happy now."

SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Fill in the blanks using the correct form of the verb from the bracket :

1. There ____ (is/are) many objections to such a plan.
2. The news ____ (is/are) true.
3. Neither of the two men ____ (was/were) very strong.
4. The accountant and the cashier ____ (has/have) absconded.
5. Two-thirds of the city ____ (is/are) in ruins.
6. No nook or corner ____ (was/were) left unexplored.
7. Neither the Chairman nor the directors ____ (is/are) present.
8. Silver as well as cotton ____ (has/have) fallen in price.
9. Time and tide ____ (waits/wait) for no man.
10. The students along with the teacher ____ (is/are) attending the assembly.
11. Every man, woman and child ____ (was, were) present.
12. Much of the truth ____ (was, were) not disclosed.
13. A lot of girls ____ (was, were) present at the function.
14. Each of the pupils in our class ____ (has/have) a notebook in which they write.
15. Everybody in our school ____ (play/plays) games in the evening.
16. Anyone ____ (is/are) able to learn this.
17. One of my books ____ (is/are) torn.
18. The United States ____ (has/have) a big army.
19. A huge swarm of locusts ____ (has/have) destroyed the crops.
20. The basketball team ____ (practice, practices) together every evening.

ADJECTIVES – DEGREES OF COMPARISON

Fill in the blanks with the proper form of adjectives given in the brackets :

1. Africa has the world's _____ desert called the Sahara Desert. (large)
2. This building is _____ than our double storeyed complex. (tall)
3. Ramya's handwriting is _____ than Seetha's. (bad)
4. Geetha is the _____ girl in our class. (generous)
5. What is the _____ price you can take? (little)
6. Public is the _____ judge. (good)
7. Rahul is the _____ of the two boys. (young)
8. You are _____ to me than having money. (important)
9. Teena is the _____ girl in this class. (talented)
10. Who is the _____ member in your family? (old)

PUNCTUATION

Punctuate the following:

1. hi i am going to school

Ans. _____

2. mr. conory asked what makes plants green

Ans. _____

3. did you understand why i was upset

Ans. _____

4. the following items that are included in this stationery pens pencils and erasers

Ans. _____

5. what a pleasant surprise

Ans. _____

6. tom said to john we should complete this work in an hour

Ans. _____

7. it's a fine idea lets hope its going to work

Ans. _____

8. when i win the game i will jump for joy and you will applaud me

Ans. _____

COURSEBOOK

I.Fill in the blanks choosing the appropriate word :

odour, stink, aroma, stench, fragrance, perfume

1. I could get the _____ of freshly baked cake.

2. The people complained about the _____ of rotting fish.

3. The _____ of cigarette smoke was troubling passengers.

4. The people enjoyed the _____ of fresh jasmine filled in the garden.

5. When I sat with her, I could smell the _____ she was wearing.

6. The place _____ of stale food.

II. Give reasons using "because":

1. Alice went shopping _____.

2. Neha was late to school _____.

III. Fill in the blanks choosing the right word :

noticed, glanced, peered, stared, witness

1. The _____ claimed that Anil started the fight.

2. The driver _____ into the distance trying to read the sign board.

3. Ali turned to the window and _____ at the mellow evening sky.

4. The police _____ the youths behaving suspiciously.

5. Neha _____ at her watch.

IV. Fill in the blanks with "would" and "used to" :

1. I _____ go to school on a bicycle.

2. When I was a kid, we _____ live in New York.

3. In the summer we _____ always go camping.

4. When I was young I _____ do my homework every evening.

5. We _____ have a dog when we were in Delhi.

6. We _____ have a big house in the country side.

V. Change the following sentences to exclamatory sentences :

1. The rose is beautiful.

2. The performance was superb.

3. Your watch has been stolen

4. I forgot my mobile.

5. Your uncle gifts you a wonderful present.

VI. Fill in the blanks choosing the most suitable word given below :

links, association, relations, ties, partnership, relationship

1. The _____ between the two brothers is very strong.
2. Rahul and Anil are doing a business in _____.
3. Rahul did not go abroad as he had strong family _____ with his family members.
4. The Europeans are keen to establish trade _____ with India.
5. He developed a close _____ with the university.
6. The two countries are in good _____ with each other.

VII. Add suitable prefix to the given words using *im, in, il, ir, un and dis* :

1. ____ agree
2. ____ certain
3. ____ possible
4. ____ connect
5. ____ logical
6. ____ reversible
7. ____ complete.

VIII. Arrange the adjectives in the right order :

1. She gave him a _____ vase.(Small Egyptian black)
2. There was a _____ dog outside the house.(black, terrifying,huge)
3. She was wearing _____ sweater.(red, lovely, woollen)
4. My mother bought _____ plates.(plastic, small, blue)
5. I gave her _____ dress for her birthday.(beautiful, pink, cotton)

IX. Insert colon in the given sentence :

1. I need the following groceries milk, bread, juice and butter.
2. I have a goal win the race.
3. I have a few chores dusting, laundry, dishes, and trash.

4. I like lots of vegetables carrots, beans, broccoli and onions.

5. She wanted one thing first prize.

WORKBOOK LESSONS—1, 4, 6

I. Write the correct “house expressions” against the meanings given below :

(keep house , go all round the houses, put your own house in order , get along / on like a house on fire, bring the house down)

1. to do something or ask a question in a very complicated way instead of in a simple and direct way –

2. to make everyone laugh or cheer, especially at a performance in the theatre – _____

3. to become friendly quickly --- _____

4. to organize your own business or improve your own behavior before you try to criticize somebody else –

5. to cook, clean and do all the other jobs around the house – _____

II. Fill in the blanks using more...than, fewer...than, less...than :

1. Usually there are _____ trees in the garden _____ in the forest.
2. Victor loves children and he has got _____ patience _____ Polly.
3. Charlie works in a big circus; he has got _____ time _____ Sam.
4. Raj can be moody sometimes, that’s why he has got _____ friends _____ Bobby.
5. Simran’s parents are rich; she has got _____ money _____ Reena.
6. Tomy isn’t a clown, so he has got _____ funny ideas _____ Sooraj.

III. Complete the sentence using more of / most of:

1. I spend _____ my free time in the library.
2. There isn’t much bread here. We need _____ that brown bread.
3. It’s raining there _____ the time now and there will be _____ the monsoon rains next month.
4. Can you give _____ that curry? It’s very tasty.
5. _____ the students have gone for field trip this year.

IV. Use the past participle form of the verbs given and fill up the blanks :

(fascinate, surprise, clean, bore, break)

1. We entered the room through the _____ window.
2. Whenever Alan gets _____, he goes fishing.
3. John was so _____ by the book that he finished it in one evening.
4. Everybody was _____ that he passed the examination.

5. Before I reached the classroom, the monitor has _____ the black board.

V. Complete the following using must or mustn't and the verb given in brackets :

1. In many countries men _____ military service. (do)

2. We _____ the traffic rules. (obey)

3. You _____ without fastening your seatbelt while driving. (sit)

4. You _____ to arrive on time. (learn)

5. Jenny, you _____ in the street. (play)

VI. Match the following :

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Make hay while sun shines | (a) A child usually behaves in a similar way to his or her parents. |
| 2. A rolling stone gathers no moss | (b) Something large and successful often begins in a very small way. |
| 3. The apple doesn't fall far from the trees. | (c) Said about people who never seem happy with what they have and always think that other people have a better situation than they have. |
| 4. The grass is always greener on the other side. | (d) A person who moves from place to place and job to job; does not have a lot of money, possessions or friend but is free from responsibilities. |
| 5. Great or tall oaks from little acorns grow | (e) To make good use of opportunities and good conditions while they last. |

VII. Fill in the blanks using "should/ ought to" :

1. He _____ be ashamed of his rude behavior.
2. We _____ inform the police about the stranger.
3. You _____ work hard now so you may not regret it later.
4. Candidates _____ answer at least five out of the ten questions.
5. You look tired, you _____ go to bed.
6. The government _____ do more to help homeless people.

VIII. Fill in the missing letter :

1. People who watch a sport event : s _ ec _ at _ r.
2. A person who writes words to a song : _ yr _ ci _ _ .
3. A person who designs the movement of a dance : ch _ r _ o _ ra _ _ er.
4. A person who introduces the performers or contestants in a show or programme : _ om _ er _ .

5. One who directs films : i l d r e t r .

IX. Choose the correct options given to fill up the blanks :

1. The _____ was partly covered with a dirty old rug. (floor / ground)
2. Carol made a ball out of a _____ of socks. (couple / pair)
3. The _____ cheered the team.(audience / spectators)
4. A silver _____ anniversary is celebrated after 25 years of _____. (marriage / wedding)
5. When they heard a loud noise, they all ran up the _____. (steps / stairs)
6. The _____ was respectful of the speaker's opinion. (audience / spectator)

X. Complete the following sentences using 'used to' + a suitable verb :

1. Ram _____ meat, but now he is a vegetarian.
2. Karthik _____ the best student in class, but now Ashok is the best.
3. Christie _____ very fast, but she runs slow because of her illness.
4. Jessie _____ the bills without delay.
5. I _____ piano when I was in school.

XI. Use expressions with an exclamation mark :

1. We had lot of fun at the party yesterday.
What _____
2. You come to know about a tragic accident in which your friend is injured very badly.
How _____
3. Your sister shows you a beautiful painting made by her.

4. _____! We have won the game.

READING

I. Read the following poem and answer the questions given below:

Roses aren't always red
And violets aren't exactly blue.
The society that we live in
Never seems to speak what is true.

Smiles aren't always happy
And frowns aren't always upset,
People judge too quickly
And our feelings are what they forget

So dance with the waves
And move with the sea,
Let the rhythm of water
Set your soul free.

Q.1) Give a suitable title to the poem.

Q.2) What do people forget ?

Q.3) From the poem, find two pairs of rhyming words.

II. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Summer in the northern part of India is generally associated with unbearable heat, pestering flies and irritating mosquitoes. However, the morning of a summer day is cool and pleasant but as the day advances the weather becomes hot and unpleasant. At noon, the sun shines over our heads, it does not allow anybody to work. The streets and the markets look deserted. A hot day in summer therefore, is a terrifying day. However the rich people set their generators on, fans working day and night. Poor people perspire all over, they worry about crops, they all complain about the crops being roasted in the fields, Tube wells could hardly save the crops from burning. Water level goes down very badly. Monsoon fails badly. People pray for rain because rain alone can solve their problems.

Q.1) How is a summer day at noon in India?

Q.2) What were the people complaining about?

Q.3) What did the people want from God ?

Q.4) From the passage find the synonyms of the given words.

1) abandoned 2) to emit sweat

III. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

A mouse living in the farmer's house peeped out from his hole and got the shock of his life. The farmer was displaying a mouse trap to his wife. Panic stricken, he ran out to consult his neighbors, but they were not at all helpful. "Poor you," said the dog. "Bad luck!" clucked the hen. "Obviously master does not want you around" said the goat laughing noisily.

Quite frightened the mouse stayed back in his hole that night, not daring to go out though he was to faint with hunger. Suddenly he heard a loud noise the farmer's wife came out of the bedroom and picked up the trap. In the darkness she did not see the snake dangling from it. The snake bit her and she fell unconscious.

The farmer rendered whatever first aid he could, then mad with anger at the dog for letting the snake come in, shot the animal. His wife developed fever the next day and became very weak. Somebody told the farmer that chicken soup would restore her strength, so he killed the hen and made the soup. The woman died a few days later. A lot of relatives came for her funeral and stayed on. The farmer slaughtered the goat to feed them.

By a twist of irony the trap had destroyed everyone except the one it had been intended for.

Q.1) Why was the mouse panic-stricken?

- Q.2) Who were his neighbors? Did they help him?
Q.3) How did the wife die?
Q.4) What is the twist of irony in the story?
Q.5) From the passage find the synonyms of the given words.

- 1) hanging -- _____ 2) very frightened – _____
3) planned -- _____ 4) ceremony in honor of a deceased person-- _____

WRITING

DIALOGUE WRITING :

1. Write a dialogue between Tricky and Joe about the differences in their lifestyle.
2. Write a dialogue between two students about their preparation for the annual examination.

POSTER MAKING :

1. Imagine Aunt Mabel went missing on her journey to Lucknow. Design a poster giving all necessary details.
2. You are Sonu/Sana. Imagine your friend went to King Fahad Park and didn't return. Make a poster giving all the details.

STORY WRITING :

1. A merchant - riding home from fair-always negative thinking - had earned - lot of money-sudden rainfall -money got wet-cursed god-attacked by robbers-got fired at-but due to wet gun powder not hit-saved life-thanked god for rain – realized – whatever happens, happens for good
2. Abhishek loved eating sweets – dreamt of a house made of sweets – met an elf – elf liked his hat – Abhishek gave his hat – elf granted him a wish – asked for a house made of sweets – enjoyed eating sweets –soon fed up of sweets – longed for old house – realized excess of everything is bad.
