INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL- DAMMAM

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS : VIII
DURATION : 3 HOURS
MARKS : 90

SET - A

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS
1. Read the questions carefully.
2. Number the questions correctly in your answer sheet as given in the question paper.
3. Attach the map to the answer sheet.

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER
(1 x 8 = 8 MARKS)

1. When was Indian National Congress established?
(a) December 1881  (b) December 1858  (c) December 1885

2. Which is the highest court of a state in India?
(a) Supreme Court (b) High Court (c) District Court

3. Who led the Indian delegation to the UN between 1952 and 1962?
(a) Krishna Menon (b) Maulana Azad (c) Sarojini Naidu

4. Maruti Udyog Limited is an example of industry.
(a) Public sector (b) Joint sector (c) Co-operative sector

5. Which one of the following industries is known as Sunrise industry?
(a) Cotton Textile (b) Iron and Steel (c) Information Technology

6. It refers to the act of being kept in illegal custody by the police.
(a) Detention (b) Interrogation (c) Eviction

7. People who leave a country.
(a) Immigrants (b) Emigrants (c) Tourists

8. If the birth rate is more than the death rate, population .
(a) increases (b) decreases (c) stays the same

II. FILL IN THE BLANKS
(1x8 = 8 MARKS)

9. The ultimate source of surface water is .

10. In court represents the interests of the state.

11. raised the slogan, "Freedom is my birthright and I shall have it."
12. The population pyramid is also known as ______________.

13. ___________ in Bombay is one of the world’s largest slums.

14. The first textile mill in India was established at ________ near Kolkata in 1818.

15. In the year ___________ Viceroy Curzon partitioned Bengal.

16. The practice of ________ was described as a “slur and a blot” on the "fair name of India."

III. ANSWER IN A WORD OR A SENTENCE
(1x8 = 8 MARKS)

17. Name the present Chief Justice of India.

18. What is an FIR?

19. Give two examples of natural fibres which are used in textile industry.

20. What is meant by population density?

21. Who was the founder of Indian National Army?

22. Name the first iron and steel plant of India.

23. Who is known as the father of the Indian Constitution?

24. Why did Potti Sriramulu start a hunger strike in October 1952?

IV. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS BRIEFLY
(3x10=30 MARKS)

25. List three challenges that the newly independent nation of India faced?

26. What is the role of the judge in a judicial system?

27. What is meant by the term ‘industry’? Write any four factors which influence the location of an industry.

28. Suggest three measures to prevent damage from frequent flooding.


OR

30. A) What are the functions of the Judiciary?

OR

B) Explain how did the introduction of Public Interest Litigation (PIL) increase people’s access to justice?

31. Why are people considered as a resource? Define Life expectancy.

32. Why did Gandhiji choose to break the Salt Law?

33. What are the essential elements of a fair trial?

34. What is an industrial system?

V. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL. (4x8=32 MARKS)

35. Mention any four Fundamental Rights guaranteed to every arrested person under Article 22 of the constitution.

36. A) Why were people dissatisfied with the British rule in 1870’s and 1880’s?

OR

B) Explain why ‘partition became more or less inevitable’?

37. ‘Flood is a natural disaster’. Point out any four destructions caused by flood.

38. What is meant by Appellate system? What are the differences between Criminal Law and Civil Law?

39. A) Explain about four categories of industries based on raw materials.

OR

B) Why do industrial disasters occur? Suggest three measures to reduce its risk.

40. Who developed free India’s foreign policy? What do you understand by the Policy of Non-Alignment?

41. What is a ‘Mixed Economy’? How did the Constitution of India seek to balance the powers of the Central Government and those of the State Governments?
42. Discuss the role of geographical factors influencing population change.
   ( any four points )

VI. MAP WORK
   ( 4 MARKS )

43. In the given outline map of the world, Name and Mark the following places.
   a) Two centres of Iron and Steel industries.
   b) Two centres of Information Technology industries.
   c) The most populated and the least populated country.
   d) Two centres of Textile industries.

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