

29. Why did Kabul become so important in the 16th century?
30. Define health. Why the government health service in India is called 'public'?

or

What are the responsibilities of the government in order to improve and safeguard the health of its citizen?

31. What are tides and how they are caused? Ocean water is salty. Why?
32. What is the role of media in democracy?
33. Describe the major mineral reserves of the Veld.
34. a) How is an oasis formed? b) There is scanty vegetation in the deserts. Why?

V. Questions 35-42 carry 4 marks each.

(8x4=32 Marks)

35. a) Why and how were the Sisodiya Rajputs honoured by the Mughals?
b) Why did Akbar start Sulh-i-kul?
36. In the 18th century Machalipatnam lost its importance and the European companies started looking for alternatives. Why?

or

What enhanced the Indian Textile Industry? What curbed the independence of craft persons?

37. a) Define desert. b) How has discovery of oil changed the cultural landscape of the Sahara?
38. In reality the media is not independent. Give reason.
39. a) Write a short note on the climatic conditions of the prairies. b) Name the rivers that drain the Velds.

Or

Describe the occupations of the people of the South African grasslands.

40. Explain Spring tide and neap tide. Draw the diagram.
41. a) Write a brief note on "the lost wax technique". b) How was water supplied to the city of Tanjavur?
42. a) Distinguish between public health service and private health service. b) List two factors that affect our health other than illness.

VI 43. On an outline map of the world name and locate the following.

[4x1=4 Marks]

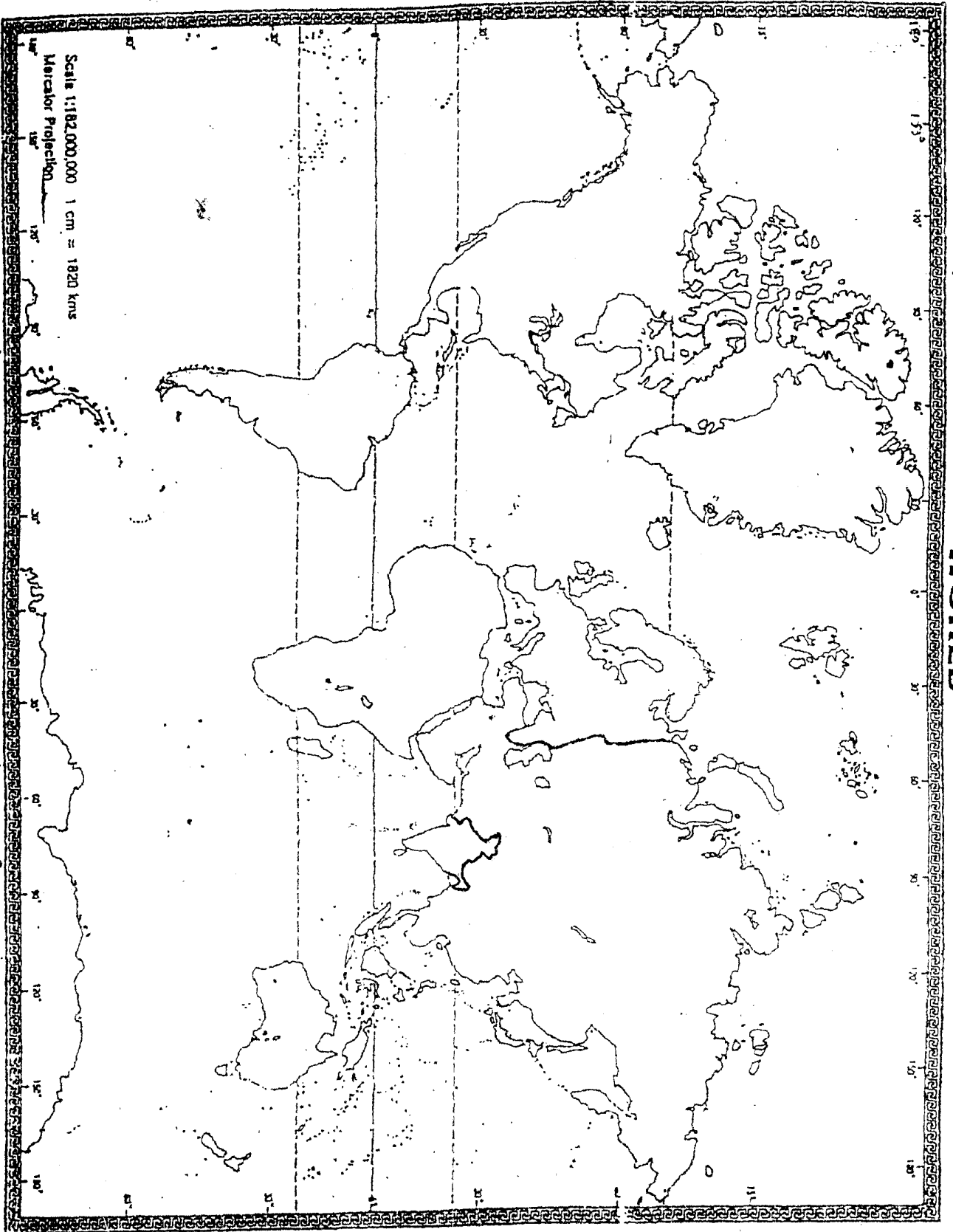
- a. The temperate grasslands of North America.
b. The world's largest desert.
c. The Eastern boundary of velds
d. The boundary of Prairies in the west.

Geography

WORLD

G.M.S

CLASS: VII



NAME _____

CLASS VII

(G.M.S) R: NO _____