

**INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL- DAMMAM**

**SOCIAL STUDIES (2018-2019)**

**GRADE -7 WORKSHEET**

**TRACING CHANGES THROUGH A THOUSAND YEARS (HISTORY L-1)**

**I. FILL IN THE BLANKS**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ was the twelfth century Arab geographer.
2. The term "Hindustan" was used by Minhaj-Siraj to describe the dominion of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Modernity carries with it a sense of material progress and \_\_\_\_\_ advancement.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ was the fourteenth century chronicler.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the environment of a region and the social and the economic lifestyles of its residents.

**II. NAME THE FOLLOWING -**

1. A person who makes maps.
2. A place where documents and manuscripts are stored.
3. The two script styles of Persian and Arabic.
4. The three periods of Indian History.
5. An influential wealthy individual who supports another person.
6. The study time in which the past is divided into large segments of shared characteristics.

**INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL,DAMMAM**  
**CLASS:VII SOCIAL SCIENCE WORK SHEET 2018-19**  
**CIVICS L:2 ROLE OF GOVT IN HEALTH**

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**I.FILL IN THE BLANKS**

- 1.The country has considerable experience and knowledge in running a-----  
system.
- 2.-----means the ability to remain free from illness and injuries.
- 3.-----is where people are first brought in and treated in a hospital without being  
admitted to any Special ward.
- 4.For those who are poor ,every illness in the family is a cause of great -----and -----  
-----.
- 5.Many -----areas have few health centres and they do not run properly.

**II.CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWERS**

- 1.Private health services are run for -----(profit,welfare)
- 2.In 1996,-----government spent 40% of the entire state budget for panchayat  
development. (West Bengal,Kerala)
- 3-----prevents people from getting proper medical treatment. (knowledge,lack of  
money)
- 4.Costa Rica is one of the healthiest countries in -----(South America,North America)
- 5.In rural areas a large number of doctors run their own private clinics ,they are called-----  
------(PHC,RMP)

CHAPTER 3 - OUR CHANGING EARTH (WORKSHEET)

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. The place on the surface above the focus is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
2. An earthquake is measured with \_\_\_\_\_.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is the origin of the seismic energy.
4. A massive earthquake hit Bhuj in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The highest waterfall is \_\_\_\_\_ of Venezuela in South America.
6. Victoria Falls are located in \_\_\_\_\_.
7. The collection of sediments at the mouth of the rivers forms a \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Large deposits of loess are found in \_\_\_\_\_.
9. The magnitude of an earthquake is measured in \_\_\_\_\_.
10. The sea waves deposit sediments along the shores forming \_\_\_\_\_.

II. Name the following:

1. The water fall located on the border between Canada and USA in North America.  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. Rivers of ice. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Fine grains of sand carried by wind and deposited in large areas. \_\_\_\_\_
4. An active agent of erosion and deposition in the deserts. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Rivers tumbling down at steep angles over hard rocks. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Large bends formed by the rivers. \_\_\_\_\_
7. A steep rocky coast rising vertically above the sea water. \_\_\_\_\_

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL – DAMMAM (2018 -19)

CLASS – VII SOCIAL SCIENCE (GEOGRAPHY)

LESSON 4 – AIR

WORKSHEET

Choose the correct answer:

1. The second most plentiful gas in the air is \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Helium (b) ozone (c) oxygen
2. The layer which reflects radio waves back to the earth is \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Exosphere (b) Mesosphere (c) Thermosphere
3. On the Celsius scale, the water freezes at \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) 10 degree (b) 100 degree (c) zero degree
4. Which of the following is a local wind?  
(a) Monsoon wind (b) sea breeze (c) trade wind
5. Which element of weather is measured in degree celcius?  
(a) Temperature (b) pressure (c) wind

Fill in the blanks:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is the most plentiful gas in the air.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is called a greenhouse gas.
3. The degree of hotness and coldness of the air is known as \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_ is used to measure the amount of rainfall.

Name the following:

1. The two permanent winds.
  2. The standard unit of measuring temperature.
  3. The instrument to measure the atmospheric pressure.
  4. The hot and dry wind of northern plains of India.
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**INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM**

**CLASS:VII L-3 HOW THE STATE GOVERNMENT WORKS**

**WORKSHEET 2018-2019**

**CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:**

1. The MLA'S are elected by the \_\_\_\_\_  
a) people                      b)chief minister                      c)sarpanch
2. The MLA'S who gather together in the legislative assembly are called the \_\_\_\_\_  
a)Loksabha                      b)executive                      c)legislature
3. The head of the state is the \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Prime minister                      b) Chief minister                      c) Governor
4. The governor is appointed by the \_\_\_\_\_  
a) state government                      b)central government                      c)chief justice
5. Every state in India has a \_\_\_\_\_  
a)Legislative assembly                      b)Parliament                      c)supreme court

**FILL IN THE BLANKS:**

1. In a democracy, people organize get together to voice their opinions and \_\_\_\_\_ against the government
2. Laws for the entire country are made in the \_\_\_\_\_
3. The overall head of the state executive is \_\_\_\_\_
4. Each state in India is divided into different areas called \_\_\_\_\_
5. The political party that has the majority is called the \_\_\_\_\_

**ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION:**

1. Name the three levels of government in India.
2. Write the full form of MLA?
3. How many states are there in India?
4. Name any two important political parties in India.
5. Write any two responsibilities of the minister in charge of health?

**INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL-DAMMAM**  
**SOCIAL STUDIES (2018-2019)**  
**GRADE-7 WORKSHEET**  
**GROWING UP AS BOYS AND GIRLS (CIVICS L-4)**

**I. FILL IN THE BLANKS:**

1. Samoan islands are part of \_\_\_\_\_ Ocean.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ means double load.
3. The government makes it mandatory for organizations having minimum 30 women employees to have \_\_\_\_\_ facility.
4. Government has set up \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ to help the village women to work.
5. The burden of childcare and housework falls on \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Society \_\_\_\_\_ the hard work done by women.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ refers to a range of tasks related to looking after and nurturing.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ is a sense of self awareness of who one is.
9. Full form of CSOI is \_\_\_\_\_
10. The Minister for Women and Child Care Development is \_\_\_\_\_
11. The \_\_\_\_\_ says that men and women are equal.
12. Anganwadis are called \_\_\_\_\_
13. Domestic workers are given \_\_\_\_\_ wages.

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INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL DAMMAM  
CLASS : VII SOCIAL STUDIES ( 2018 - 2019 )  
**GEOGRAPHY LESSON 5 : WATER ( WORKSHEET )**

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**A. Fill in the blanks.**

1. Most of the salt in the ocean water is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. World Water Day is celebrated on \_\_\_\_\_.
3. When water covers much of the shore by rising to its highest level, it is called \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Warm ocean currents originate near the \_\_\_\_\_ and move towards the \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The first indication that a tsunami is approaching is \_\_\_\_\_.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are major sources of fresh water.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are areas where warm and cold ocean currents meet.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ influence the temperature conditions of an area.
9. Movement of water in oceans can be broadly classified as \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Early warning systems for Tsunami are in place across \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Answer the following.**

1. Average salinity of ocean water. \_\_\_\_\_
2. A place that got submerged in Tsunami 2004. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Speed of Tsunami waves \_\_\_\_\_
4. The largest lake in the world \_\_\_\_\_
5. The river with the biggest basin \_\_\_\_\_
6. Meaning of Tsunami \_\_\_\_\_
7. Water Man of India \_\_\_\_\_
8. Fraction of earth's surface covered with water \_\_\_\_\_
9. Epicenter of tsunami 2004. \_\_\_\_\_
10. Any one way to conserve water \_\_\_\_\_

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM.  
CLASS: VII SOCIAL SCIENCE (HISTORY) WORKSHEET (2018-19)  
L- 6. TOWNS, TRADERS AND CRAFTPERSONS

**CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:**

1. The Rajarajeswara temple was built by \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. Rajaraja Chola.    b. Vijayalaya.    c. Rajendra Chola
2. \_\_\_\_\_ was the capital of Cholas.  
a. Thanjavur    b. Kanchipuram    c. Madurai
3. Vijayanagara empire was founded in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. 1250    b. 1336    c. 1325
4. \_\_\_\_\_ was the capital of Chauhan kings in 12<sup>th</sup> century.  
a. Tirupathi    b. Uttar Pradesh    c. Ajmer
5. The fort at Masulipatnam was built by \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. Portuguese.    b. British.    c. Dutch.

**FILL IN THE BLANKS:**

1. Indian spices and clothes sold at the Red sea port were purchased by \_\_\_\_\_ traders.
2. Bronze is an alloy of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ was the capital of Bengal in 1704.
4. Hampi is located in the \_\_\_\_\_ basin.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ was the gateway for trade with West Asia via Gulf of Ormuz.
6. Hampi fell into ruins after the defeat of Vijayanagara in 1565 by the \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Kabul is in present day \_\_\_\_\_.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ is a lake, near Ajmer, attracted pilgrims from ancient times.

**NAME THE FOLLOWING:**

1. A place where goods from diverse production centres are bought and sold.
2. Two pilgrimage centres that developed into townships.
3. The official merchant of East India Company.
4. The Sufi saint who settled in Ajmer in the 12<sup>th</sup> century attracted devotees from all creeds.
5. The fish port town lay on the delta of the Krishna River.
6. The diamond merchant who estimated the horse trade at Kabul in the 17<sup>th</sup> century.
7. A name used collectively for Muslim merchants.



**INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL - DAMMAM.**

**CLASS : VII SOCIAL SCIENCE (HISTORY)**

**WORK SHEET (2018-2019)**

**LESSON – 3 THE DELHI SULTANS**

**CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER**

1. The fortified settlement of soldiers were known as  
( hinterland, Iqtas, Garrison towns)
2. Delhi first became the capital of a kingdom under the \_\_\_\_\_.  
( Sayyid dynasty, Tomara Rajputs, Lodhi dynasty)
3. Whose administrative measures were followed by Akbar?  
(Muhammad Tughluq, Alauddin Khalji, Sher Shah)
4. Moth Ki Masjid was built in the reign of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Qutbuddin Aybak, Iltumish, Sikander Lodi)
5. The official language under the Delhi Sultans  
( Persian, Arabic, Hindi)
6. A mosque is called Masjid in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Arabic, Persian, Sanskrit)

**FILL IN THE BLANKS**

1. The privileges claimed on account of birth are called \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Military expeditions into Southern India started during the reign  
of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Genghis Khan invaded Transoxiana in \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Token currency was issued by \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Muhammad Tughluq shifted his capital from Delhi to \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Someone who is under the protection of another is called \_\_\_\_\_.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ was the chronicler of 1236 who recognized Raziyya Sultan  
was more able than her brothers.
8. Ibn Battutta came to India from \_\_\_\_\_.

**NAME THE FOLLOWING**

1. The new garrison town constructed by Alauddin Khalji for his soldiers.
2. The two cities constructed by the Delhi Sultans.
3. The coins minted in Delhi during 12<sup>th</sup> century.