

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL DAMMAM
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2017 - 2018)

MIDDLE SCHOOL SECTION
SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS : VI

MAX MARKS : 80
DURATION : 3 HOURS

SET A

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Read the questions carefully and write the question numbers correctly.

All answers are to be written in the answer sheet.

Attach the map to the answer sheet.

I. Choose the correct answer. (8 x 1 = 8 marks)

1. The people of Pudupet village earn their living by _____.
a. pottery b. agriculture c. fishing d. non- farm activities
2. South Africa became a democratic country in _____.
a. 1949 b. 1994 c. 1999 d. 1984
3. The Harappan town located at Rann of Kutch in Gujarat is _____.
a. Lothal b. Dholavira c. Mehrgarh d. Kalibangan
4. Puhar was the port of _____.
a. Cholas b. Cheras c. Pandyas d. Satavahanas
5. The day to day changes in the atmosphere is called _____.
a. climate b. weather c. season d. temperature
6. The Chinese traveller who visited India during the rule of Harshavardhana is _____.
a. Fa-Xian b. Harishena c. Xuan-Xang d. I-Qing
7. The Standard Meridian of India is _____.
a. 23°30'N b. 68°7'E c. 37°6'N d. 82°30'E
8. Leaves are in the form of spines in _____.
a. Mahagony b. shisham c. keekar d. deodar

II. Fill in the blanks.

(7 x 1 = 7 marks)

9. _____ are the people of Harappan cities who knew how to write and helped to prepare seals.
10. The first Indian woman to climb Mount Everest is _____.
11. _____ was Samudragupta's court poet.
12. The representative elected from each ward in the panchayat is known as _____.
13. Pataliputra is the old name of _____.
14. _____ are the poorest among the people in India who depend on farming.
15. In India , wild asses are found in _____.

III. Answer in a word or a sentence.

(7 x 1 = 7 marks)

16. Define 'labour chowk'.
17. Write any two uses of forests.
18. Who invented the technique of making silk and when ?
19. Write any two situations in which crops can be ruined.
20. Who are the members who attend the meeting of the Gram Panchayat ?
21. Define 'tribute'.
22. What does the word 'prashasti' mean ?

IV. Answer the following very briefly.

(6 x 2 = 12 marks)

23. a) Define ' strait ' .
b) Name the mountain range that separates Asia from Europe.
24. List any two ways in which people participate in the process of the government.
25. Differentiate permanent jobs and casual jobs.
26. What are the features of Mahayana Buddhism ?
27. Name the major seasons of India.
28. How did the impact of Kalinga war influence the life of Ashoka ?

V. Answer the following in brief.

(7 x 3 = 21 marks)

29. What are the functions of Gram Panchayat?

OR

29. a) What is the role of Panchayat Secretary?
b) List any two sources of funds for the Panchayat.
30. Describe the Himalayan Mountain ranges.
31. a) Write two characteristics of the houses in the Harappan cities.
b) Define dockyard.
32. Briefly explain the three levels of the Panchayati Raj System.
33. What measures did Ashoka take to spread the message of dhamma ?
34. Differentiate Tropical Rain Forest and Tropical Deciduous Forest.
35. a) Name the two major centres of power of the Kushanas.
b) Describe Kanishka's contribution to the spread of Buddhism.

OR

35. a) Define ' pilgrims ' .
b) What is meant by sangam collection of poems?

VI. Answer the following questions in detail. (5 x 4 = 20 marks)

36. Write a note on the society and people of Mauryan Empire.
37. Explain in brief any four different types of vegetation seen in India.

OR

37. a) What steps have been taken by the government of India to protect wildlife?
b) What term is used to describe the climate of India? Justify the use of the term.
38. Write a short note on Nalanda University.
39. Why do we have regular elections after a fixed period in India?
40. Write a short note on Peninsular Plateau.

OR

40. a) Why do a large number of people live in the Northern Plains?
b) Why do large countries not have a single Standard Time? Give two examples.

VII. Name and locate the following on the map of India. (5 x 1 = 5 marks)

1. Himadri
2. An island neighbour of India
3. The water body that washes the west coast of India.
4. Sahyadris
5. The fertile plains that lie south of the Himalayas.

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