

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM

FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION- 2013-2014

STANDARD: XI
SUBJECT: ECONOMICS

MAX. MARKS: 100
TIME: 3HOURS

SET A

GENERAL INSTRUCTION:

- (i) All questions in both the sections are compulsory.
- (ii) Marks for questions are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Questions 1 – 5 and 17-21 are very short answer questions carrying 1 mark each. They are required to be answered in one sentence each.
- (iv) Questions 6 to 10 and 22- 26 are short answer questions of 3 marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed 60 words each.
- (v) Questions 11 to 13 and 27-29 are long answer questions of 4 marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed 70 words each.
- (vi) Questions 14 to 16 and 30 -32 are long answer questions of 6 marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed 100 words each.
- (vii) Answers should be brief and to the point and the above word limits should be adhered to as far as possible.
- (viii) Word limits are not applicable to numerical answers.
- (ix) All parts of a question should be answered at one place.
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SECTION – A INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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|---|---|
| 1. Which year in India is described as the Year of the great Divide? | 1 |
| 2. Mention any one positive contribution made by the British in India. | 1 |
| 3. Define the term subsidy. | 1 |
| 4. What do you understand by devaluation of Rupee? | 1 |
| 5. What is Head count Ratio? | 1 |
| 6. What 3 objectives did the British intend to achieve through their policies of infrastructure development in India? | 3 |
| 7. How did Green Revolution benefit the farmers? | 3 |
| 8. Why was it necessary for a developing country like India to follow self reliance as a planning objective ? | 3 |
| 9. What is Outsourcing ? State 2 advantages which make India a favourite outsourcing destination? | 3 |

OR

- Mention 3 reasons why economic reforms were introduced in India?
- | | |
|--|---|
| 10. Explain the 3 main causes of poverty in India? | 3 |
| 11. What were the main causes of India's agricultural stagnation during the colonial period? | 4 |

12. What were the 4 positive contributions made by the British in India? 4

OR

Give a quantitative appraisal of India's demographic profile during the colonial period.

13. Why has industrial sector performed poorly in the reform period? 4
14. Agriculture sector appears to be adversely affected by the reform process. Why? 6
15. Briefly explain the 3 dimensional attack on poverty adopted by the government. 6
16. Explain the need and type of land reforms implemented in the agricultural sector. 6

OR

16. (A) Explain how import substitution can protect domestic industry?

(B) Explain growth with equity as a planning objective

SECTION B-Statistics for development

17. What is the root cause of all economic problems? 1
18. State one point of difference between primary and secondary data 1
19. What do you mean by loss of information ? 1
20. What is meant by central tendency ? 1
21. Which is suitable average for qualitative measurement? 1
22. State 3 significance of studying statistics. 3
23. Mention 3 advantages and disadvantages of mailing questionnaire method of collection of data. 3
24. Distinguish between chronological and spatial classification. 3
25. Find out the weighted arithmetic average from the following data : 3

Books	Price per book (X)	Number sold (W)
Statistics	20	40
Physics	30	25
Economics	15	12
Commerce	25	13
Chemistry	25	10

OR

Calculate simple arithmetic mean from the following data by direct method:

Marks	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Number of students	2	5	9	10	12	7	3	2

26. Briefly explain the 3 non sampling errors. 3
27. Prepare a frequency distribution by inclusive method taking class interval of 7 from the following data: 4

28	17	15	22	29	21	23	27	18	12	7	2	9	4
1	8	3	10	5	20	16	12	8	4	33	27	21	15
3	36	27	18	9	2	4	6	32	31	29	18	14	13
15	11	9	7	1	5	37	32	28	26	24	20	19	25
19	20	6	9										

28. Calculate the missing frequency from the following data when the mean is 33. 4

X	5	15	25	35	45	55
f	5	10	25	30	?	10

29. Calculate mode from the following data: 4

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
No. of students	4	10	25	15	10	6

OR

Calculate mean with the help of the following data:

Marks less than	No of students
10	3
20	10
30	20
40	25
50	28
60	30

30. From the following data find out the value of median graphically: 6

MARKS	NO. OF STUDENTS
0-10	6
10-20	11
20-30	20
30-40	12
40-50	6
50-60	5

31. (A)What is a pie diagram?

1+5

(B)Represent the following data with the help of pie diagram.

ITEMS OF EXPENDITURE	Fuel	clothing	House rent	lighting	Miscellaneous
AMOUNT SPENT in Rs.	20	10	25	35	10

OR

31. (A)What is a component bar diagram?

(B)Construct component bar diagram to represent the following data:

YEAR	PRODUCTION	IN MILLION	TONNES	
	WHEAT	COTTON	RICE	TOTAL
2006	13	10	7	30
2007	15	12	8	35

32. Calculate Simple Arithmetic Average by the following methods:

3+3

(a) Direct method

(b) Step deviation method

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Students	5	12	15	25	8	3	2