INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL – DAMMAM

FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION – JUNE 2013

CLASS – 12

GEOGRAPHY [THEORY]

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

SET – “A”

General Instructions:

[i] There are 26 general questions.

[ii] All questions are compulsory.

[iii] Marks for each question are indicated against it.

[iv] Question numbers 1 to 10 are very short-answer questions carrying 1 mark each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 20 words.

[v] Question numbers 11 to 20 are short-answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each of these questions should not exceed 80 words.

[vi] Question numbers 21 to 25 are long-answer questions of 5 marks each. Answer of each of these questions should not exceed 150 words.

[vii] Question 26 is related to identification of geographical features on map.

[viii] Outline map of the World and provided to you must be attached with your answer-book.

[ix] Use of templates or stencils for drawing outline map is allowed.

1. Name the two very sparsely populated region of the world with less than 01 person per sqr km. 1

2. What is an isochrone line? 1

3. Give two example of Non-store retail selling. 1

4. State two features of Border road. 1

5. Who are Red collar workers? Give one example also. 1

6. In some part of the world sex ratio is not in favour of women. Give two reason. 1

7. Expand SAFTA. 1

8. Name the most important inland water ways of Russia. 1

9. Explain the meaning of an “agglomeration economies”. 1

10. How many countries of the world lie in the category countries with low index value?
11. Explain the concept of Neo determinism.

12. What is an age-sex pyramid? Mention factors that discourage women to migrate from rural to urban areas in developing countries like India.

13. State the three stages of Demographic Transition theory.

14. What do 'equity' and 'sustainability' refer to within the concept of human development.

15. Study the map given below and answer the following.

(a) Name the canal and lake shown by 'B'
(b) Name the sea connected by the canal shown in map.
(c) Name the sea port as shown by No. 1 and 2

16. Mention four characteristic features of plantation agriculture. Give two examples to prove that plantation was introduced by the European Colonisers in the tropical regions.

17. Classify the manufacturing industries based on ownership

18. Discuss several characteristics of periodic marketing system organised in rural areas.
19. What is a Big Inch? Why is the pipeline most convenient means for transporting liquid and gaseous materials. \[1+2=3\]

20. Where is the headquarter of WTO? Why is it detrimental for a nation to have negative balance of trade? \[1+2=3\]

21. Mention the salient features of dairy farming under following aspects: \[5X1=5\]
   a) meaning
   b) capital investment
   c) labour
   d) market
   e) main region of dairy farming

22. What is High-tech industries? Give two example of the High-tech. Write any three features of it. \[1+1+3=5\]

23. “Service sector” occur at different levels. Some are related to industry, some to people and some to both. Elaborate this statement with example. \[5\]

24. What is a Trans-continental railways? Describe about location, extent and economic significance of Trans-Canadian Railways. \[1+4=5\]

25. Explain any five type of rural settlement on the basis of a various form or shape of the settlement with diagram. \[5x1=5\]

26. Five geographical features are shown on an outline political map of the World. Identify with the help of given map legend and write their name on the lines given in the map. \[5x1=5\]
   A) An extensive commercial grain farming area.
   B) A major airport.
   C) Western end point of Trans-Australian Railways
   D) A populous nation in Africa.
   E) A nomadic herding area.