PART- A (10X1=10)

1. The first experimental laboratory was established in Leipzig, Germany by  

2. founded Psychoanalysis as a system to understand and 
cure psychological disorders.

3. Define Psychology.

4. Define Objectivity.

5. A tentative answer to a problem is called as .

6. The variables on which the effect of independent variable is observed is 
called .

7. A  indicates that as the value of one variable (X) increases, the 
value of the other variable (Y) will also increase.
8. The full form of VMH is ________________________

9. _________refers to the consistency of scores obtained by an individual on the same test on two different occasions.

10. An adult brain weighs about___________ kg and contains around ____ billion neurons.

PART B  (6X2=12) 30 words

11. What are the qualities of a good interviewer?

12. What is the function of a Neuron?

13. Mention the three important features of modern human being that differentiates them from their ancestors.

14. What are biological motives?

15. What is Enculturation?


PART C (4X3=12) 60 words

17. Differentiate between a psychologist and a psychiatrist.

18. Describe briefly the case study method.

19. Draw the motivational cycle and explain it.

20. Explain the quantitative method.

PART D (6X4=24) 100 words

21. Give a brief account of the evolution of psychology.

22. Draw a diagram and describe the various steps involved in conducting a scientific enquiry.

23. Describe Cerebrum. (Include: Cerebral Hemispheres, The four Lobes)

24. Describe the Acculturative strategies adopted by individuals during the course of acculturation.


PART E (2X6=12) 200 words

27. What is Socialisation? Describe the main agents of socialisation.

28. What is Motivation? Describe the Psychosocial motives.