

**INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM**

**GULF SAHODAYA EXAMINATION- FEBRUARY 2014**

**SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY**

**SET-A**

**CLASS XI**

**Max. Marks-70**

**Time: 3Hrs.**

**General Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Answers should be brief and to the point.
3. Questions from 1-10 in Part A carry 1 mark each. Answer them as directed.
4. Questions from 11-16 in Part B carry 2 mark each. They should not exceed 30 words.
5. Questions from 17- 20 in Part C carry 3 marks each. They should not exceed 60 words.
6. Questions from 21-26 in Part D carry 4 marks each. They should not exceed 100 words.
7. Questions from 27- 28 in Part E carry 6 marks each. They should not exceed 200 words.

**PART-A**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ established the first experimental laboratory in Leipzig, Germany.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the tentative answer to a problem.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ or the cell body is the main body of the nerve cell.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ are environmental agents that cause deviations in normal development.

5. \_\_\_\_\_ theory was developed by Johnston & Heinz.
6. The simplest kind of learning is called \_\_\_\_\_.
7. VMH stands for \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Category that is used to refer to the number of objects & events is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ is thinking that is goal directed.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ is a study of the soul & mind.

#### PART-B

11. Name the three eating disorders of adolescents. Explain any one.
12. What is learning? Mention three features of learning.
13. Differentiate between declarative & procedural memories.
14. Differentiate between convergent & divergent thinking.
15. What is episodic memory? Explain.
16. Mention any four strategies for enhancing creative thinking.

#### PART-C

17. How can you distinguish scientific psychology from the popular notions about the discipline of psychology?
18. Differentiate between an interview and a questionnaire.
19. Describe media as a socialisation agent.
20. Why do illusions occur?

#### PART-D

21. Describe some of the areas of everyday life where understanding of psychology can be put to practice.
22. Name the five goals of psychological enquiry. Explain any two.

**23. Describe the acculturative strategies adopted by individuals during the course of acculturation.**

**24. Define identity. What are the factors influencing the formation of identity during adolescence.**

**OR**

**'Environment of the child has a major role in the development of the child'. Support your answer with examples.**

**25. What are illusions? Explain geometrical illusions.**

**26. How can we identify students with learning disabilities?**

**PART-E**

**27. Define Mnemonics. Explain the strategies for improving one's memory.**

**OR**

**Define forgetting. How is retrieval related forgetting different from forgetting due to interference?**

**28. Define motivation. Describe psychosocial motives.**

**OR**

**Why is it important to manage negative emotions? Suggest ways to manage negative emotions.**