

**International Indian School-Dammam**

**Model Examination - Jan 2018**

**Class XI – Psychology**

**Max. Marks: 70**

**Set - A**

**Time: 3hrs**

General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Marks for each question are indicated against it.
3. Answers should be brief and to the point.
4. Question Nos.1-10 in Part-A carry one mark each. Answer them as directed.
5. Question Nos.11 -16 in Part-B carry two marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 30 words.
6. Question Nos.17-20 in Part-C carry three marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
7. Question Nos.21-26 in Part-D carry four marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. Question Nos.27&28 in Part-E carry six marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 200 words.

**Part – A**

(1X10=10 Marks)

1. Draw the Motivational Cycle.
2. Name any two methods of memory measurement.
3. Expand DNA.
4. Match the following:

|                            |                    |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| (a) Observational learning | (i) Kohler         |
| (b) Insight learning       | (ii) Ivan P Pavlov |
| (c) Latent learning        | (iii) Bandura      |
| (d) Classical conditioning | (iv) Tolman        |
5. The humanistic approach to psychology was developed by ..... and .....
6. Name the two building blocks of thoughts.
7. Name the instrument that measures span of attention.

8. Name the book written by Durganand Sinha.
9. Expand PQRST.
10. The goal of ..... research is to describe the strength of the relationship between two or more events or characteristics or variables.

### **Part – B**

(2X6=12 Marks)

11. Define socialisation.
12. Give one advantage and one limitation of the survey method.
13. List out the goals of psychological enquiry.
14. What are the two kinds of interferences?
15. What are genes and memes?
16. What is meant by inductive and deductive reasoning?

### **Part – C**

(3X4=12 Marks)

17. Define perception. What are the factors that may affect a person's perception?
18. What is meant by rooting, moro and babinski?
19. What is acculturation? Explain assimilation and separation.
20. What is a concept? List out its properties. What are relevant and irrelevant features?

### **Part – D**

(4X6=24 Marks)

21. What is cognitive learning and how does it show up?
22. Elaborate on the steps or mental operations involved in solving a problem.
23. Write a short note on the 'surrounding layers' of the child's ecology.
24. Suggest a plan to improve your own memory through mnemonics using organization.
25. Define Perceptual Constancy and the three types of perceptual constancies.
26. Explain the nature and types of data or information that a psychologist would collect.

**Part - E**

(6X2=12 Marks)

27. (a) "Old age is a fearful stage for the people entering into it". What are the problems that people in the old age suffer?

**OR**

(b) Give a brief account of four different fields in which a psychologist can build up his/her career.

28. (a) (i) What are the three basic forms of conflicts. Explain.

(ii) Explain Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs.

**OR**

(b) Write short notes on:

(i) Need for affiliation

(ii) Need for power

(iii) Need for achievement

(iv) Curiosity and Exploration.

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