## INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL DAMMAM <br> QUESTIONS COMPILED FROM PREVIOUS YEARS QUESTION PAPERS <br> SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

## GRADE: X

| 1. | The equation $\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{x}+1)+8=(\mathrm{x}+2)\{\mathrm{x}-2)$ is <br> (a) linear equation(b) quadratic equation <br> (c) cubic equation(d) bi-quadratic equation |
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| 2. | The value of $k$ for which the system of equations $x+y-4=0$ and $2 x+k y$ $=3$, has no solution, is(a) -2 (b) $\neq 2$ (c) 3 (d) 2 |
| 3. | D and E are the midpoints of side AB and AC of a triangle ABC , respectively and $\mathrm{BC}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$. If $\mathrm{DE} \\| \mathrm{BC}$, then the length (in cm ) of DE is: <br> (a) 2.5 (b) 3 <br> (c) 5 <br> (d) 6 |
| 4. | The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53 Sunday is: <br> a) $53 / 366$ (b) $1 / 7$ (c) $2 / 7$ d) $53 / 365$ |
| 5. | If Mean of $a, a+3, a+6, a+9$ and $a+12$ is 10 , then $a$ is equal to:(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) $3(\mathrm{~d}) 4$ |
| 6. | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\operatorname{Sin} 30^{\circ}+\cos 60^{\circ}\right)-\left(\sin 60^{\circ}+\cos 30^{\circ}\right) \text { is equal to:(a) } 0(\text { b) } 1+2 \sqrt{3} \text { (c) } 1-\sqrt{3}(\mathrm{~d}) \\ & 1+\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$ |
| 7. | The angle of elevation of the top of a building from a point on the ground, which is 30 m away from the foot of the building, is $30^{\circ}$. The height of the building is: <br> (a) $10 \mathrm{~m}(b) 30 / \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m}(c) \sqrt{3} / 10 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> (d) 30 m |
| 8. | If $1 / 2$ is a root of the quadratic equation $x^{2}-m x-5 / 4=0$, then value of $m$ is: <br> (a) 2(b) -2(c) -3 (d) 3 |
| 9. | Graphically, the pair of equations $7 x-y=5 ; 21 x-3 y=10$ represents two lines which are <br> (a) intersecting at one point <br> (b) parallel <br> (c) intersecting at two points <br> (d) coincident |
| 10. | If triangles ABC and DEF are similar and $\mathrm{AB}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{DE}=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{EF}=9 \mathrm{~cm}$ |


|  | and $\mathrm{FD}=12 \mathrm{~cm}$, the perimeter of triangle ABC is: <br> (a) 22 cm (b) 20 cm (c) 21 cm <br> (d) 18 cm |
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| 11. | If three coins are tossed simultaneously, then the probability of getting at least two heads, is <br> a) $1 / 4$ <br> (b) $3 / 8$ (c) $1 / 2$ <br> (d) $1 / 8$ |
| 12. | If the mean of first $n$ natural numbers is $3 n / 5$, then the value of $n$ is:(a) 3 <br> (b) 4 <br> (c) 5 <br> (d) 6 |
| 13. | $2 \tan 30^{\circ} /\left(1+\tan ^{2} 30^{\circ}\right)=$ (a) $\sin 60^{\circ}$ (b) $\cos 60^{\circ}$ (c) $\tan 60^{\circ}$ (d) $\sin 30^{\circ}$ |
| 14. | A 10-meter ladder is placed against a wall, with its foot 5 meters away from the wall. What is the angle of inclination of the ladder with the ground? <br> (a) $30^{0}$ <br> (b) $45^{\circ}(\mathrm{c}) 60^{\circ}(\mathrm{d}) 90^{\circ}$ |
| 15. | If $\operatorname{Cosec}(A+B)=2 / \sqrt{3}, \sec (A-B)=2 / \sqrt{3}, 0^{\circ}<A+B \leq 90^{\circ}$, find $A$ and $B$. <br> (a) $25^{\circ}, 35^{\circ}$ <br> (b) $30^{\circ}, 3$ <br> ${ }^{\circ}$ (c) $45^{\circ}$, <br> $15^{\circ}$ <br> (d) $10^{\circ}, 50^{\circ}$ |
| 16. | If one equation of a pair of dependent linear equations is $-3 x+5 y-2=0$. The second equation will be:(a) $-6 x+10 y-4=0$ (b) $6 x-10 y-4=0$ <br> (c) $6 x+10 y-4=0(d)-6 x+10 y+4=0$ |
| 17. | It is given that $\triangle \mathrm{ABC} \sim \triangle \mathrm{DFE}, \angle \mathrm{A}=30^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{C}=50^{\circ}, \mathrm{AB}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AC}=8$ cm and $\mathrm{DF}=7.5 \mathrm{~cm}$. Then, the following is true:(a) $\mathrm{DE}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{~F}=$ $50^{\circ}$ (b) $\mathrm{DE}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{~F}=100^{\circ}$ <br> (c) $\mathrm{EF}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{D}=100^{\circ}$ <br> (d) $\mathrm{EF}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{D}=30^{\circ}$ |
| 18. | From the top of a 25 m high cliff, the angle of elevation of the top of a tower is found to be equal to the angle of depression of the foot of the tower. The height of the tower is: <br> (a) 30 m <br> (b) 25 m <br> (c) 50 m <br> (d) 45 m |
| 19. | DIRECTION: In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of Assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R) <br> Statement A (Assertion): The mode and mean are given by 7 and 8 respectively. Then the median is $23 / 3$ |


|  | Statement R (Reason): 3Median $=$ Mode +2 Mean <br> (a) Both assertion (A) and reason $(\mathrm{R})$ are true and reason $(\mathrm{R})$ is the correct explanation of assertion (A) <br> (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) <br> (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. <br> (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true. |  |  |  |  |  |
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| 20. | Statement $\mathbf{R}$ (Reason): $P(\overline{\mathrm{E}})=1-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{E})$, where E is any event <br> (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A) <br> (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A) <br> (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. <br> (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. | Find the mode of the following frequency distribution: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Class | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 |
|  | Frequency | 15 | 10 | 12 | 17 | 4 |
| 22. | Find the value of $m$ for which the quadratic equation $(m-1) x^{2}+2(m-1)$ $x+1=0$ has two real and equal roots. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. | A 20 m long vertical pole casts a shadow 10 m long on the ground. At the same time a tower casts a shadow 50 m long on the ground. Find the height of the tower. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. | A die is thrown twice. What is the probability that <br> (i) 5 will not come up either time? (ii) 5 will come up at least once? |  |  |  |  |  |


| 25. | In a right triangle $A B C$, right-angled at $B$, if $\tan A=1$, then verify that $2 \sin \mathrm{~A} \cos \mathrm{~A}=1$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 26. | Prove that $(\sin \theta+\operatorname{cosec} \theta)^{2}+(\cos \theta+\sec \theta)^{2}=7+\tan ^{2} \theta+\cot ^{2} \theta$. |
| 27. | The angle of elevation of the top of a building from the foot of a tower is $30^{0}$ and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the foot of the building is $60^{\circ}$. If the tower is 50 m high, then find the height of the building. |
| 28. | For what value of X , is the median of the following frequency distribution 34.5? |
|  | Class Frequency |
|  | 10-20 3 |
|  | 20-30 5 |
|  | 30-40 |
|  | 40-50 |
|  | 50-60 X |
|  | 60-70 3 |
|  | 70-80 2 |
| 29. | Find the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^{2}+6 x+8$ and verify the relationship between the zeroes and the coefficients. |
| 30. | A lending library has a fixed charge for first three days and an additional charge for each day thereafter. Rittik paid 27 for a book kept for 7 days and Manmohan paid 21 for a book kept for 5 days. Find the fixed charges and the charge for each extra day. |
| 31. | Prove that if a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle to intersect the other two sides in distinct points, then the other two sides are divided In the same ratio. |
| 32. | The shadow of a tower standing on a level ground is found to be 40 m longer when the Sun's altitude is $30^{\circ}$ than when it was $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower. |
| 33. | If AD and PM are medians of triangles ABC and PQR respectively where $\Delta \mathrm{ABC} \sim \Delta \mathrm{PQR}$, prove that $\mathrm{AB} / \mathrm{PQ}=\mathrm{AD} / \mathrm{PM}$ |


| 34. | The distribution given below shows the number ofwickets taken by bowlers in one-day cricket matches. Find the mean and the median of the number of wickets taken. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of wickets | 20-60 | 60-100 | $100$ |  |  | -180 | 180-220 | 220-260 |
|  | Number of bowlers: | 7 | 5 | 16 |  | 12 |  | 2 | 3 |
| 35. | Draw the graphs of the equations $4 x-y-8=0,2 x-3 y+6=0$.Also determine the vertices of the triangle formed by the lines and the X-axis. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36. | Solve the following quadratic equation for $x: \sqrt{3} x^{2}+10 x+7 \sqrt{3}=0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37. | Prove that $(1+\cot A-\operatorname{cosec} A)(1+\tan A+\sec A)=2$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38. | $\text { Prove that } \sqrt{\frac{1+\sin \mathrm{A}}{1-\sin \mathrm{A}}}=\sec \mathrm{A}+\tan \mathrm{A}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39. | Find the values of ' $a$ ' and ' $b$ ' for which the system of linear equations $3 x+$ $4 y=12,(a+b) x+2(a-b) y=24$ has infinite number of solutions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40. | The angle of elevation of an airplane from point A is $60^{\circ}$. After a flight of 10 seconds, at the same height, the angle of elevation from point A is $30^{\circ}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. | If the airplane is flying at the speed of $720 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour, then find the constant height at which the airplane is flying. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42. | The Mode of the following data is 36 . Find the missing value of X. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Class 0 |  | 0-20 | 20-30 | 30-4 |  | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 |
|  | Frequen 8 |  | 10 | X | 16 |  | 12 | 6 | 7 |
|  | CASE STUDY QUESTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43. | Lakshaman Jhula is located 5 kilometers north-east of the city of Rishikesh in the Indian state of Uttarakhand. The bridge connects the villages of Tapovan to Jonk. Tapovan is in Tehri Garhwal district, on the west bank of the river, while Jonk is in Pauri Garhwal district, on the east bank. Lakshman Jhula is a pedestrian bridge also used by motorbikes. It is a landmark of Rishikesh. <br> A group of Class X students visited Rishikesh in Uttarakhand on a trip. They observed from a point $(\mathrm{P})$ on a river bridge that the angles of depression of opposite banks of the river are $60^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$ respectively. The height of the bridge is about 18 meters from the river. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Use <br> the information and figure given above to answer the following questions. <br> 1. Find the distance PA. <br> 2. Find the distance $P B$ <br> 3. Find the width AB of the river OR <br> 3. Find the height BQ if the angle of the elevation from P to Q be $30^{\circ}$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 44. | Municipality is installing playground equipment at various parks. They have to study the age group of children playing in a park of a specific colony. The classification of children according to their ages, playing in a park is shown in the following table. |
|  | Age group of children <br> (inyears) $6-8$ $8-10$ $10-12$ $12-14$ $14-16$ |
|  | Number of children 43 58 70 42 27 |
|  | Use the information given above to answer the following questions. <br> 1. In which age group, will the maximum number of children belong? <br> 2. In which age group will the minimum number of children belong? <br> 3. Find the Mean age of the children. <br> OR <br> 3. What is the Median age of the children? |
| 45. | Raj and Ajay are very close friends. Both the families decide to go to Ranikhet by their own cars. Raj's car travels at a speed of $\mathrm{xkm} / \mathrm{h}$ while Ajay's car travels $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ faster than Raj's car. Raj took 4 hours more than Ajay to complete the journey of 400 km . |



