INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM

CLASS- VIII

ANNUAL EXAM – WORKSHEET

2023-24

MIDDLE SECTION

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

(PREPARED BY GMS)

COURSEBOOK

Theme 5: L-10 Right on Top (Pg. 129 Ex. A, B & Pg. 131 Ex. A, B) & Workbook L-5

QI. Rewrite the given sentences in Reported speech:		
1. John said to me, "I visited my parents last week."		
2. Mohit said, "They will help me if they can."		
3. She said, "The film began at seven o'clock."		
4. Mother said to her son, "Where have you spent your money?"		
5. He wanted to know, "Does she know Robert?"		
6. Sara said, "We could not go out as it was raining whole day yesterday."		
7. Betty said to Vivek, "When did you come?"		
8. Liza said to her friend, "Have you watched the latest film?"		
9. He enquired, "Was your flight on time?"		
10. Nancy said, "Why didn't Nick go to India last summer?"		
11. He said to me, "Could you meet the chairman?"		

12. Ahmed wanted to know, "Would you like to have coffee now?"			
QII. Complete these sentences with the correct expressions from the bracket:			
(strong-minded, absent-minded, narrow-minded, open-minded, like-minded, fair-minded)			
1. My employer is, he is always reasonable and handles disputes justly.			
2. Friends who are always have similar tastes, ideas and opinions.			
3. The professor is, he always forgets where he left his spectacles.			
4. He was criticized for being, as he was unwilling to consider new ideas and other people's personal opinions.			
5. My parents areand always willing to consider ideas and opinions of this generation.			
6. You will have to beif you are going to lead the campaign.			
QIII. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the given movement verbs:			
(meander, sprint, waltz, slither, sashay)			
1. The models down the aisle during the fashion show.			
2. The snake through the garden.			
3. We crossed a small iron bridge over a stream.			
4. We had to to catch the bus.			
5. The groom with the bride after the wedding.			
QIV. Fill in the blanks with the correct compound words:			
(one-sided, first-hand, full-scale, clear-cut, step-by-step)			
1. The police have launched a investigation.			
2. All these impacts suggest a policy to save the environment.			
3. The newspapers gave a very account of the controversy.			
4. He spoke from his experience in this matter.			
5. She has a evidence that her friend cheated her.			

Theme 6: L-12 The Gold Frame & Workbook L-6

I. Read the lines and answer the questions:

He was shown a number of samples – plains, decorative, floral, geometrical, thin, hefty and so forth. The customer was baffled by the variety and seemed afraid of enshrining his savior forever in some ugly, cheap frame.

s and

Datta came to his readded for good mea			•	ld leaves an	d winding creeper
1. The customer wa	as shown varieties	of frames. (T	True/ False)		
2. Who was Datta?					
(a) A young man	(b) A frame make	r(c) A custom	ner		
3. What kind of a n	nount did the cust	omer choose?	,		
(a) cut, square	(b) cut, oval	(c) plain, ova	al		
4. Why were differ	ent samples being	shown to the	customer?		
5. Was Dutta a goo	d worker?				
II. Answer in brie	f:				
1. What objects occ	cupied the floor ar	nd what cover	ed the walls	of The Mode	ern FrameWork?
2. How did Datta h	elp the customer	choose the rig	tht frame for t	he photogra	ph?
III. Answer in det	ail:				
1. How did Datta re	eplace the damage	ed photograph	ı? Was he suc	cessful in hi	s effort?
IV. Fill in the blar	ıks:				
1. Frame, mount, g	lass- all will cost		rupees.		
2	was actually	y an extra- lar	ge wooden pa	icking case i	mounted on
wobbly legs, tucked	d in a gap betweer	n a drugstore	and a radio re	pair shop.	
3. I clearly rememb	er asking for a cu	t mount with	an oval shape	. This is	Look!
V. Complete the se	entences using th	e correct for	ms of the pr	esent tense o	of the verbs in
the brackets:					
1) Sarah usually	(wal	k) to school e	very day. (Si	mple)	
2) My sister	(stud	ly) for her exa	ams at the mo	ment. (Cont	inuous)
3) Neelam	(work	(a) on the proje	ect since last v	veek. (Perfe	ct Continuous)

4) Juliet	4) Juliet(complete) her degree from Delhi University. (Perfect)				
5) The bus (arrive)at the station at 9:00 AM daily. (Simple)					
6) The traffic poli	ce	(declared) a	a heavy penal	ty for those who vio	olate the
traffic rules. (Perf	ect)				
7) My parents		(come) to v	isit me next n	nonth. (Continuous)	
8) They	(li	ve) in this apartme	ent for a long	time. (Perfect Cont	inuous)
VI. Complete the	e sentences	using the correct	forms of the	past tense of the vo	erbs in the
brackets:		O		•	
	(eat) a sa	ndwich for lunch.	(Simple)		
			_	er came for dinner. (Perfect)
		-	-	_ (watch) TV. (Con	
				over an hour when	
arrived. (Perfect C		(J
`	,	nighty king in a h	uga malaga (S	Simple)	
		nighty king in a h		•	
6) The girl		_(try) to make the	model of a v	olcano before the te	acher helped
her. (Perfect Cont	inuous)				
7) The girls	(s	leep) before grand	ma returned f	from the market. (Pe	erfect)
8) The chef	always	((prepare) deli	cious food for his cl	lients beforethe
restaurant closed	down. (Cont	inuous)			
VII. Match the t	wo columns	to make adjectiv	e-noun collo	cations:	
Adject	ive	Nou	n		
1. winding		a. message			
2. urgent		b. scripture	b. scripture		
3. high		c. equipment	c. equipment		
4. faulty		d. time			
5. holy e. creepers					
VIII. Complete t	VIII. Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box:				
chilly	utter	strong	novel	heavy	fair

1. They were in a panic and in _____ confusion over their rights of citizenshipand settlement.

2. The children felt	very cold and shive	red in the	night.	
3. The CEO had a _	idea	of changing the way	the company	operates.
4. Owing to the	traffic on th	ne roads, the children	were late to s	chool.
5. Every person sho	ould be presumed inn	ocent until proven g	uilty in a	trial.
6. The	wind blew the tre	es fiercely.		
IX. One verb in ea	ch set does not coll	ocate with the noun	that follows.	Cross the odd one out:
1. expect, hope, cor	ne up with, get, requ	ire, supply	a	n answer
2. share, recall, have	e, enjoy, talk, descri	be	a	n experience
3. deal with, examin	ne, put into, ignore, i	respond, reject	a	complaint
4. build up, close do	own, set up, put off,	take over, wind up	a	business
5. ignore, follow, ac	ct on, make, accept,	disregard	a	n advice
X. Complete these	words with sc, ss o	<u>r cc</u> :		
1. Oasion	2. Aelerate	3. Discu	4enery	
5. Reue	6. Deert	7. Impre	8. Aent	
XI. Complete these sentences with the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets:				
1) They(visit) their grandparents every summer.				
2) India	(decide) to bat fi	rst.		
3) They(play) football for an hour.				
4) These days most people (use) email instead of writing letters.				
5) That family(live) in the house for ten years before moving to anew one.				
6) They (talk) about their vacation plans last evening.				
7) She (leave) the house when I arrived.				
8) The children (play) soccer yesterday.				
	(POEM) Grandma Climbs a Tree			
4 4 .	0 41			

1. Answer in reference to the context:

"I can do it better,' And we had to agree; For in all the garden there wasn't a tree She hadn't been up, at one time or another.

1.	What could Grandma do better?			
	a. Narrate stories			
	b. Climb trees			
	c. Baking cakes			
	d. Knitting			
2.	How old was Grandma when she first climbed a tree?			
	a. She was 62			
	b. She was 8			
	c. She was 6			
	d. She was 26			
3.	Who taught her to climb trees?			
	a. Narrator			
	b. Her father			
	c. Her brother			
	d. Herself			
4.	Grandma was happier in a tree than in a			
5.	What types of trees had Grandma climbed in the garden?			
	II. Answer briefly:			
	1. What did Grandma mean by 'I will grow old disgracefully'?			
	2. What was everyone worried about?			
	3. How was Grandma's tree climbing different?			
Thoma	e 7: L-13 You Think It'll Never Happen to You (Only Pgs. 172 – 175: Grammar &			
	oulary) & Workbook L-7			
	• •			
I. Con	aplete the following sentences using will/shall/going to and correct forms of the verbs:			
1. It's	Noah's birthday next week (send) him a card.			
	s the eldest in the family. He(inherit) the family business.			
	parents dislike flying (travel) to Prague by train.			
4. This homework is very easy. I know we (do) it very quickly.				
5. It's	very late! Hurry up or we (be) late for work.			
II. Co	mplete the sentences using future perfect forms of the verbs in brackets:			
1 She	a lot on the global warming issue. (speak)			
	our most of the time in this restaurant. (spend)			
	her favourite parrot in the cage to save her from cats. (keep)			
	y a cricket kit for their team. (buy)			
	his car for over 800 km. (drive)			
III. Co	omplete the sentences using future perfect continuous forms of the verbs in brackets:			
	the end of this year, I (work) as an Accountant for five years.			
	•			

3. We	2.	I (read) a novel by the time you come to meet me.
4. The workers (repair) the street over the summer. 5. She early in the morning for a week. (wake) IV. Tick (√) the sentences that express future time and cross (x) those that do not: 1. If they get time, they might drop by later this afternoon. 2. The headmistress could join us at the rehearsal tomorrow. 3. My friend could not make it to the next round. 4. They are travelling to Madrid right now. 5. The bus leaves at 6 o'clock this evening. V. Complete the sentences using the correct forms of phrasal verbs from the bracket: (to blow over, to blow back, to blow down, to blow up, to blow out, to blow about) 1. The glass that surrounds the flame protects it from the wind, so it won't 2. The tornado power lines and uprooted trees. 3. The scandal within a fortnight when the press found someone else to attack. 4. The car when flames reach its fuel tank. VI. Choose the correct tense forms: 1. Rohan the movie before he read the review. (watches / have watched / had watched / was watching) 2. By next month, we shall the project. (has completed / completing / completed / have completed) 3. I a letter when he came to my house. (am writing / was writing / will write / will have written) 4. By next Monday he staying at my uncle's house for three weeks. (will have / shall have / will have been / shall have been) 5. Martha the book for the past two hours. (has been reading / had been reading / will have read / was reading) VII. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs: 1. When you arrived, I, (finish) my meal. 2. It (snow) heavily this morning. 3. I him (not seen) for three years. I wonder where he is now. 4. We are late. The film by the time we get to the cinema. (start) 5. Thanks for lending me the money. I you back on Friday. (pay) 6. At last the bus came. I for twenty minutes. (wait)		
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6. At last the bus came. Ifor twenty minutes. (wait)		
/. we(play)for half an nour when it started to rain.		We(play)for half an hour when it started to rain.

8. After Michael	(type) the letter, he	_(give) it to John to sign.		
9. When I	(come) home this evening, my parents _	(go) out for a walk.		
10. The mechanic	(service) my car by Wednesday.			
VIII. Tick the correct	sentences. Correct the sentences that are v	vrong:		
1. Either my shoes or your coat are always on the floor 2. George and Tamara don't want to see that movie 3. Benito don't know the answer 4. The man with all the birds live on my street 5. The movie, including all the previews, take about two hours to watch 6. Eight dollars is the price of a movie these days 7. Either answer areacceptable				
2011piece the sent	tences using the correct forms of phrasal ve			
	make of, carry on, give up, turn off, b	ring out		
2. Don't3. I'll be gone for a few4. I have no idea what t	_ chocolates because of her migraines the lights until you have checked that everyous days, but I hope you will in 1 o her behaviour their second album.			
X. Underline the phra	sal verbs in the passage given below:			
Today I am going to the library because I need to take back a book, I checked out two weeks ago and then pick out a new book to read. One of my favourite things is to take off my shoes, sit down on the sofa, and hold a real book in my hands as I devour the pages. Of course, I could look over a list of e-books and download one to my Kindle, but it's just not the same experience. I also like going to the library because there is always a chance, I might run into an old friend there. Sometimes my best friend and I meet at the library for coffee and catch up on each other's news before we find new books to take home. I really enjoy my library visits.				
XI. Choose the correc	t word to complete each sentence:			
(desperately / comp	d to get control of the car but crashed into a la letely) eeth in pain and sweating (deep			
3. She put down the ge	ometry book and broke the seal of	of her letter. (eagerly / fully)		
4. We are	_ upset at what has happened.(severely / bitter	rly)		
5. Olive had found the (virtually / mostly)	meadow quite charming and had	_ claimed it as her own.		

L-14 THE CHRISTMAS TRUCE

I. Annotate the Following:

Across	the way, we could make our groups of two or three men starting out of their trenches and coming
toward	s us. Then some of us climbed out too, and in minutes, there we were in no - man's - land over
a hund	red soldiers and officers of each side, shaking hands with men we'd been trying to kill just hours
earlier	
1.	The story is set during the
	(a) World War I
	(b) World War II
	(c) Kargil War
	(d) Indo-China War
2.	Which two countries mainly participated in the war mentioned in the lesson?
	(a)British and Portuguese
	(b)Germans and British
	(c) Russians and Ottomans

- 3. The soldiers were living in _____.

 (a) Villas
 - (b) Tree houses

(d) Japanese and British

- (c) Townhouses
- (d) Trenches
- 4. When was this letter written and to whom was it written?
- 5. With what promise did the soldiers parted after the Christmas Eve?

II. Fill in the blanks:

a.	There in the trenches,	we looked at each other in	(amazement / bewilderment)
b.	The word	_ means to come to an agreement o	r to stop fight. (truce / troupe)
c.	The Germans had plac	ed Christmas trees in front of their	(houses / trenches)

III. Answer the Following Questions Briefly:

- Q1. What did the British soldiers feel about the other side?
- Q2. How do we know that the conditions on the battlefield were terrible?

IV. Answer in Detail:

Q1. Describe the interaction between the British and German soldiers. What idea does Tom express at the end of his letter?

V. Complete these sentences with the correct verbs:

1. Everybody	(was, were) asked to remain quiet.
2. Most of the seats	(was, were) taken.
3. Either the cups or the glasses_	(are, is) in the dishwasher.
4. Vern and Fred	(need, needs) a ride to work.
5. Neither Matt nor his brothers	(was, were) at the party.
6. Here into the main ring of the	circus (come, comes) the trained elephants
7. Either the workers or the boss	(deliver, delivers) the merchandise.
8. A pound of cookies	(cost, costs) about a dollar.
9. Sixty minutes	(is, are) the time limit for the test.
10. Gold as well as platinum,	(have, has) risen in price.

(POEM) Where the Mind is without Fear

I. Answer in reference to the context:

Where the mind is led forward by thee into ever- widening thought and action-Into that heaven of freedom, my father, let my country awake.

- 1. What does the speaker pray for?
- a. a free country
- b. heaven
- c. to make the speaker free
- d. to wake up the speaker
- 2. Who is the speaker in the poem?
 - a. a school boy
 - b. a true patriot
 - c. a coward
 - d. a king
- 3. The author of the poem is _____
- 4. What kind of freedom does the speaker wish for?
- 5. Why does he feel his country is not awake?

II. Answer briefly:

- 1. How does 'narrow domestic walls' affect the freedom of a country?
- 2. What does the speaker mean by 'where knowledge is free'?

SUPPLEMENTARY READER

L-9 Old Toys and New Magic

I. Answer in reference to the context:

A few days later, I bumped into the magician near my house. He was in his early fifties. Clad in a dhoti and a shirt, he looked no different from other ordinary men. Who could tell he had such

extraordinary talent? I was interested in magic myself and had already started to think of this man as my guru.

- 1. What was narrator's request to the magician?
 - a. to act in his movie.
 - b. to present a magic show.
 - c. to teach him magic.
 - d. to suggest him a magic book.
- 2. How did the narrator benefit by his encounter with the magician?
 - a. It made him an actor.
 - b. The narrator could use him as a character in his book.
 - c. It made him a director.
 - d. He became a popular magician.
- 3. How long his interest in magic last?
 - a. Until he joined in a college.
 - b. Until he became an actor.
 - c. Until he directed a movie.
 - d. Until his magic tricks went wrong on the stage.
- 4. Where did the narrator meet the Bengali magician from?
- 5. Why could he not learn more than one trick?

II. Answer Briefly:

- 1. How did the magic lantern influence Ray to start his film career?
- 2. What is 'patter'? How does it help a magician?

III. Answer in detail:

1. Whose magic tricks fascinated Ray more? How? Explain

L-12 The Death of Caesar

I. Read the lines and answer the following questions:

I must prevent thee, Cimber. These couchings and these lowly courtesies might fire the blood of ordinary men, and turn pre-ordinance and first decree into the law of children.

- 1. Who says this to whom?
- 2. Who is **I** referred to here?
- a. Brutus c. MetellusCimber
- b. Decius d. Caesar
- 3. What effect will the couchings and lowly courtesies have on ordinary people?
- 4. Does Caesar accept the request made by MetellusCimber ?(yes/no)
- 5. Whom will they not affect? Why?

Answer in brief:

- 1. What is the plan that the conspirators have made to kill Caesar?
- 2. Why was Cassius shocked when Popilius wished him?

III. Answer in detail: -

Q1. How does Caesar disapprove MetellusCimber's manner of pleading?

IV. Fill in the blanks:	
1. Caesar is on his way to the	House when he sees the soothsayer
2.The last to stab Caesar is	<u>.</u>
3	presents a petition on behalf of his brother.
L-13 POEM: The Guest H	ouse
I. Read the lines and answe	r the following questions
This being human is a guest h	nouse.
Every morning a new arrival.	
A joy, a depression, a meanne	ess,
some momentary awareness	comes
as an unexpected visitor.	
1. Who is the poet of the poet	m?
a. Rani b. Ravi	
c. Rumi d. Raji	
2. What does the speaker con	npare human beings to?
3. We should welcome both p	positive and negative feeling? (True/False)
4. What does the speaker mea	an by 'momentary awareness'?
5. The new arrival here mean	
a. joys and sorrows b. hatred	

d. beauty and fame

READING

Read the passage carefully:

c. life and death

Brightly decorated eggs, Easter egg rolling and Easter egg hunts have become integral to the celebration Easter today. But did the custom of decorating the eggs start with Easter? Actually, they are special eggs, also called Pascal eggs that are often given to celebrate springtime. The tradition of painting hard-boiled eggs during springtime pre-dates Easter festivities. In many cultures around the world the egg is a symbol of new life, fertility and rebirth.

For thousands of years, Iranians and others have decorated eggs on Nowruz, the Iranian New Year that falls on the spring equinox. of decorating eggshells is ancient. Ostrich eggs with engraved decoration that are 60,000 years old havebeen found in Africa. In Europe it was the tradition to use dyed and painted chicken eggs at Easter. InBulgaria, Romania, Russia, Ukraine and other Central European countries, Easter eggs are a symbol of newlife. In these places they conceal the eggs in the garden for children to find. Do we find any of these lovely traditionally decorated eggs in modern times? Today we find Easter eggsmade of chocolate or plastic filled with confectionery such as jelly and sweets.

Easter egg hunts and egg rolling are two popular egg-related traditions. An egg hunt involves hidingeggs outside for children to run around and find on Easter morning. In the United States, the Easter EggRoll

is an annual event that is held on the White House lawn each Monday after Easter. Whatever be itsorigin, I love the Easter egg and the festive feeling in the air!

On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions:

1. W	That is another name for Easter egg	?
	a. Paster eggs	c. Pastal eggs
	b. Pascal eggs	d. Pascar eggs
2. T	he tradition of painting eggs began	:
	a. before Easter tradition	c. the same time as Easter
	b. after the Easter tradition	d. none of the above
3. T	oday Easter eggs are made of	
	a. chocolate filled with jelly and	
	b. chicken egg shells	d. both a and c
4.	The ancient tradition used ostrich eg	ggs with
	a. painted decorations	c. paper decorations
	b. engraved decorations	d. jelly and sweets
5. Find the antonym of the word conclusion from the last paragraph.		usion from the last paragraph.
	a. end	c. termination
	b. origin	d. tradition
6. Wl	nich are the two egg related tradition	ns?
a.	egg engraving and decorating	c. egg painting and decorating
b.	egg hunts and egg rolling	d. egg colouring and egg rolling
7. Th	e Easter EggRoll is an annual event	inthat is held on the White House
lawn	each Monday after Easter.	
a.	Bulgaria	c. Romania
	Russia	d. United States
8. Ac	cording to the passage, where does	the origin of the decorated eggs lie?
9. WI	nat did eggs represent?	
10. Ir	Europe, what was the Easter egg to	radition?

WRITING

Formal Letter Writing

- 1. You are Ayaan/Aleena, Resident of Mishra Colony, Hyderabad. Write a letter to the editor of your local newspaper, complaining about the poor condition of public parks in your locality.
- 2. You are Sara/Sameer, resident of Gandhi Colony, Pune. Your area is facing noise pollution due to marriage processions, loud music from neighborhood etc, which is not good for the old, the ailing and the students. Write a letter to the editor describing the problem and making the request to concerned authorities to solve it.

Notice Writing

- 1. You are Alok/Akansha Secretary of Brindavan Colony. You have noticed that some of the Residents of the Colony are littering the place and not maintaining the proper cleanliness of the surroundings. Write a notice informing the residents to keep the society clean and hygienic.
- 2. You are Rajesh/Rajini Event organizer of the Music Club "Melody Maze". Write a notice inviting the candidates who want to participate in a singing competition organized by a club at the state level for under 18 years. Notice a draft not more than 50 words.
