# INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM <br> UPPER PRIMARY SECTIONS <br> ANNUAL EXAM REVISION WORKSHEET (2023-24) 

CLASS: III

## SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS

NAME - $\qquad$ SECTION $\qquad$ ROLL NO - $\qquad$

## L-5 DIVISION

## I. Fill in the blanks:

1.Each multiplication fact has a corresponding $\qquad$ fact.
2.We use division when we $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ objects into equal groups.
3. Division is also considered as a process of $\qquad$ .
4. $($ Number $) \div($ by itself $)=$ $\qquad$ .
5. The answer in division is called the $\qquad$ .

## II. Choose the correct option

1. $\qquad$ $\div 16=0$
a) 1
b) 16
c) 0
d ) 10
2. The number that we are dividing by is called as $\qquad$ .
a) dividend
b)divisor
c) quotient.
d )zero
3. 63 pencils shared equally by 9 children. Each child will have $\qquad$ pencils.
a) 6
b) 63 .
c) 9 .
d) 7
4. How many times can you take away 4 from 36 $\qquad$ .
a) zero
b) 36 .
c) four
d ) 9

## III. Match the following

1. $36 \div 4=9$.
2. 2 groups of 6 .
3. Quotient $=0$
4. $2 \times 9=18$.
5. 5 's are in 30 .

$$
18 \div 9=2
$$

$$
0 \div 3
$$

6
Dividend is 36 12


## IV. Write True or false:

1. When we share equally, we actually find out how many in a group. $\qquad$
2. Division is considered as a process of repeated addition. $\qquad$
3. Any number divided by one gives the number itself as quotient. $\qquad$
4. We can divide a number by zero. $\qquad$
V. Use the numbers to build Division facts and multiplication facts.
5. $7,3,21$
6. $4,5,20$

## VI. Use repeated subtraction and find the quotient.

1. $56 \div 7$.
2. $45 \div 9$
VII. Write the possible multiplication and division facts.
I. Choose the correct answer
3. If the largest 2-digit number is divided by the largest 1-digit number the
a. $Q=10, R=0$
b. $Q=11, R=0$,
c. $Q=11, R=1$
d. $Q=10, R=1$
4. The least number among the following is
a. $32 \div 4$
b. $32 \times 4$
c.32-4
d. $32+4$
5. How many 8 's are there in 120 ?
a. 12
b. 15
c. 40
d. 41
6. The quotient when 0 is divided by 42
a. 42
b. 2
c. 3
d. 0
7. Mr. Roy solved the division problem as shown below. $62 \div 2=31$
, $\mathrm{R}=0$. Which of the following could Mr. Roy use to check this answer.
a. $7 \times 42$
b. $31 \times 2$
c. $62 \times 2$
d. $31 \times 3$
II. Fill in the blanks
8. The number that is left over in division is called $\qquad$
9. The remainder is always be smaller than $\qquad$ .
10. Dividend $=($ $\qquad$ $x$ divisor)+Remainder
11. Soumya arranged some toys in the manner shown below .write down the division fact that can be represented by this grouping of toys?

12. Which number is missing in the division sentence?

$$
63 \div \square=7
$$

III. Show the division 18:6=3 on a number line

IV. Find Quotient and Remainder

1. $606 \div 7$
2. $73 \div 3$
3. $650 \div 5$
4. $493 \div 4$
V. Divide and check
$1.82 \div 5 \quad 2.90 \div 4$

## VI. Word problems

1. 67 books were being arranged on shelves with 8 books on a shelf. How many full shelves of 8 books were there? How many books are remaining?
2. A florist has 50 roses. He is making bouquets of 9 roses each. How many roses will be left over after making the bouquets?

## L-7 Fractions

I. Fill in the blanks:

1) $A$ $\qquad$ is a complete object, shape or collection.
2) $A$ $\qquad$ is a group of objects.
3) $\qquad$ is a part of a whole collection or group.
4) When the numerator and denominator are same, it is a $\qquad$ .
5) In a fractional number, $\qquad$ shows the total number of equal parts.
6) $1 / 2$ of 1 dozen eggs $=$ $\qquad$ .
7)One fourth is also called as $\qquad$ .
7) $1 / 4$ of an hour $=$ $\qquad$ minutes.
8) $1 / 3$ of $18=$ $\qquad$ .
9) The $\qquad$ tells us the parts in all.

## II. Write the fractions in figure:

1) Three fifths = $\qquad$
2) Eight sixths= $\qquad$
3) Five ninths = $\qquad$
4) One half = $\qquad$

## III. Shade the fractions accordingly:

1) $4 / 6$

2) one half


## IV. Solve the following:

1)Sheela read 10 pages in a book of 50 pages. What did the fraction of pages she read? $\qquad$
2) Find
a) $1 / 4$ of $36=$ $\qquad$ b) $1 / 2$ of $24=$ $\qquad$
V. Write the fractional numbers in words:
a) $7 / 8=$ $\qquad$ b) $5 / 9=$ $\qquad$

## VI) Complete the table:

|  | a) | b) | c) | d) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Numerator | 5 |  |  | 3 |
| Denominator | 7 |  | 3 |  |
| Fraction |  | $8 / 10$ | $2 / 3$ | $3 / 7$ |

## VII) Solve

1) 1 kg of apple $=₹ 50 \quad, \quad 1 \mathrm{~kg}$ of Grapes $=₹ 30,1 \mathrm{~kg}$ of banana=₹ 48 ,


Meenu bought .Find the prices for
a) $1 / 2 \mathrm{Kg}$ of apple $=₹$ $\qquad$ .
b) $1 / 3 \mathrm{Kg}$ of grapes $=₹$ $\qquad$ .
c) $1 / 4 \mathrm{Kg}$ of bananas $=₹$ $\qquad$ .
d) Meenu spent $=₹$ $\qquad$

## VIII) Write the fraction for shaded and unshaded parts

a)

a) Shaded part $=$ $\qquad$ Unshaded part = $\qquad$
b)

shaded part= $\qquad$
unshaded part= $\qquad$

## IX) Answer the following questions:


a) How many clouds in all? $\qquad$
b) Colour $1 / 3$ of them red and $1 / 4$ of them blue.
c) Colour the rest yellow.
d) How many clouds are red? $\qquad$
e) How many clouds are blue?
f) How many clouds are yellow? $\qquad$

## Lesson-10 Time

## I.Fill in the blanks:

1) The face of the clock is called $\qquad$ .
2) $\qquad$ hand takes 5 minutes to move from one number to next number.
3) $\qquad$ comes before September.
4) Half an hour= $\qquad$ minutes.
5) There are $\qquad$ weeks in a year.

## II.Choose the correct answer:

1) What day will it be 5 days after the $23^{\text {rd }}$ of April? $\qquad$
a. $29^{\text {th }}$
b. $28^{\text {th }}$
c. $30^{\text {th }}$
2) A leap year has $\qquad$ days.
a. 360
b. 366
c. 36
3) To eat food it takes $\qquad$ .
a. Hours
b. days c. minutes
4) Ajay was born on December $1^{\text {st }} 2012$. How old will he be in 2023 ?
a. 7 years
b. 9 years
c. 8 years
5) In 2-10-2007, the number 10 denotes $\qquad$ month.
a. September
b. August
c. October
6) $\qquad$ hand moves fastest in a clock.
a. hour
b. minute
c. seconds

## III. Write True or False:

1) The year 2021 is a leap year $\qquad$
2) The time is $3: 05$ when the hour hand is between 3 and 4 and the minute hand is at 1 . $\qquad$
3) 4 hours before $10: 00$ is $6: 00$ $\qquad$
4) There are 100 years in a decade. $\qquad$
5) 1 minute $=60$ seconds $\qquad$
IV. Write the time in two ways:
a)

b)



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L: 9- MEASUREMENT

## I. Fill in the blanks:

1. $1 / 2 \mathrm{I}=$ $\qquad$ ml
2. Milk, oil, petrol are measured in terms of $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
3. $250 \mathrm{~cm}+250 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ cm
4. $1 / 2 \mathrm{~kg}=$ $\qquad$ g
5. $4 \mathrm{~m} 400 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ cm
6. $\qquad$ is the standard unit of length.
7. 1 litre = $\qquad$ ml .
8. Heavier objects are measured in $\qquad$ and lighter objects are measured in $\qquad$
9. To convert litre to millilitre we multiply by $\qquad$
10. 1 I can fill $\qquad$ bottles of 100 ml each.

## II. Choose the correct option

1 Which is the longest unit?
a. metre
b. centimetre
c. millimetre
d. kilometre
$2.200 \mathrm{~g}+50 \mathrm{~g}=$
a. 2500 g
b.250kg
c. 250 g
d. 25 g
3. What weight should be added to Pan A so that both sides remain balanced?
a. 250 g
b. 500 g
c. 350 g
d. 300 g
4. Which unit is used to measure larger quantities of liquid?
a. millilitres
b. litre
c. centimetre
d. metre
5. Distance from Delhi to Mumbai is measured in $\qquad$
a. metre
b. kilometre
c. centimetre
d. kilogram
III. Match the following:


1. 1 kg
$200 \mathrm{ml}+200 \mathrm{ml}+200 \mathrm{ml}+200 \mathrm{ml}+200 \mathrm{ml}$
2. 3 m 50 cm 300 g
3. 1 L
$2 k g+1 \mathrm{~kg}+500 \mathrm{~g}+500 \mathrm{~g}+250 \mathrm{~g}+100 \mathrm{~g}+50 \mathrm{~g}$
4. $700 \mathrm{~g}+--------=1 \mathrm{~kg}$ $250 g+250 g+250 g+250 g$
5. $4 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{400g}$
$300 \mathrm{~cm}+50 \mathrm{~cm}$
IV. Draw the line segment $A B=7 C M$
