# INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM UPPER PRIMARY SECTIONS

## ANNUAL EXAM - REVISION WORKSHEET (2023-24)

**CLASS: IV** 

SUBJECT – ENGLISH

NAME			SECTION	-	ROLL N	Ю
	LES	SSON -9 FF	RIENDS OF	THE R	AINFORES	<u>T</u>
l. Circle tl	ne correct	spelling:				
a) nurseri	es b)	nursiries	c)	nurser	eis	
II. Write th	e meaning	s for the fol	lowing word	ds:		
1. croaking	-					
2. huddle-						
III. Choos	e the corre	ct homopho	one and fill	in the	<u>blanks:</u>	
1. She is _	amono	g the warriors	who	the batt	le of troy.( w	ron/one)
IV. Write tl	<u>ne opposit</u>	es of the fol	lowing wor	ds:		
1. loose 2. appear	X					
V. Comple	ete the follo	wing sentend	ce:			
1. Crunchi	ng and mund	hing with	,they		_their favouri	te food-figs.
VI. Fill in th	e blanks u	sing the co	rrect prepo	sitions	s from the	given choices:
	through	towards	at	u	ınder	
						-
1. Girls sat		the tree	and enjoyed	d the bre	eze.	
2. We catch	our school b	ous	_ 6 am.			
3. He just w	alked	th	e door.			
4. She stoo	d up and wal	ked	him.			
VII. Compl	ete the ser	ntences usi	ng the sou	ınd woı	rds from th	ne box.Use the
	rms of the	<u>word:</u>				
		(groan, so	queak, snee	ze)		
				ed soldi	ers.	
		a slight				
3. She hand		ue just as l				

VIII. Use suffixes like -ion,-sion,-tion,-ation to change these verbs into nouns.
1. confuse 2. relate 3. explode 4. consider
LESSON: 10 A STRANGE VISITOR
I. Circle the correct spelling:
a) mahout b) mahaut c) mahut
II. Give one word:  a) a section of a hospital where people take patients who need to be treated at once-
Ill. Choose the correct word from the bracket and fill in the blanks:
1. The outer layer of the material is made up of( steal/ steel)
2. Riya wants to her friend tomorrow. (meet/meat)
IV. Who said to whom:  "I know you have been waiting for me the whole week"
said to
V. Complete the sentence:
As soon as I went in through the gates, I saw an elephant  outside the
VI. Complete these sentences with correct phrases from the box: (numb with pain, red with anger, all the while)
<ol> <li>After the accident, Rahul's legs were</li> <li>Tina's face turnedwhen her friend broke her bottle.</li> <li>He claimed that he was happy, but he was thinkingof quitting his job.</li> </ol>
VII. Rewrite these sentences with apostrophes in the correct places:  1.Were going to the park now.

## **L-17 Continuous Tenses: Present and Past**

I. Fill in the blanks	with the present continuous form of	the verbs in the bra	ckets.	
1. I	_to watch a movie at Inox. (go)			
2. We	in the nearby park. (play)			
3. The boys	in the pond. (swim)			
4. Rita	at the function. (sing)			
5. The baby	with her mother. (giggle)			
_	entences from the present continuous	•	continuous	
tense. Begin with v	words like yesterday, last evening and	<u>d last year.</u>		
1. He is going to pla	ay in the park.			
2. COVID is affecting	ng our lungs.			
3. I am eating a che	eeseburger.			
4. The Prime Minis	ter is visiting the school.			
5. The children are walking to school.				

## L-18 Adverbs

#### I. Underline adverbs of manner in these sentences:

- 1. The cat ran fast.
- 2. He ate the bread greedily.
- 3. Reema sang melodiously yesterday.
- 4. Please sit here carefully.
- 5. We worked hard for the exam.

I. Form adverbs from tr	iese adjectives:		
1. quiet-			
2. heavy			
3. soft			
4. true			
5. careless-			
III. Underline the ad	verbs and state th	neir kind:	
1. Peter carefully took	the eggs out of the fr	idge	_
2. Mona arrived early	for the party		_
3. The bus will arrive s	soon		_
4. The tiger roared lou	ıdly at the man and sa	at outside the cage.	
5. I happily watched a	squirrel playing at the	e park yesterday.	_
<u>L-19</u>	Uses of Apostrop	he and Contractions	_
I. Rewrite these gro	oups of words using	either 's or ':	
1. designs of dress	es		
2. cap that belongs	to Mr Das		
3. book that belong	to the boy		
4. cars of women-			
5. gloves of players	3		
II. Match the words with	n their contractions:		
1. where would	a. they'll		
2. they have	b. she's		
3. had not	c. where'd		
4. they will	d. they've		
5. she is	e. can't		

6. cannot

f.

hadn't

III. Underline the contraction and add an apostrophe in the correct plac	Ш. Т	Underline	the	contraction	and	add	an a	apostrophe in	the correct	place
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- 1. Im so hungry. Arent you coming for lunch?
- 2 .Theyve made a wonderful science project.
- 3. Looks like youve cracked this!
- 4. Its her favourite scarf.
- 5. Hell achieve good grades because hes intelligent.

## L-22 Prepositions

L-22 Prepositions
I. Choose the correct prepositions to complete the given sentences:
1. There are many papers lyingthe table. (in, at, on)
2. The examination will begin8'oclock tomorrow. (on, in, at)
3. Kartika hasn't been coming to the officelast Monday. (for, until, since)
4. The rabbit disappearedits burrow. (at, into, by)
II. Fill in the blanks using the correct prepositions from the box:
outside , beside , between, below
The office has two desks with a chairthem.
2. The sun disappeared the horizon.
3. Sam was walkingme.
4. Alisha couldn't go for a walk as it was raining
III. Fill in the blanks with the kind of preposition mentioned in the
bracket:
1. They started their journey six in the morning.( time)
2. The cat ran the rat.(movement)
3. A beautiful white bird flewthe lake.(place)

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# L-23 Conjunctions

## I. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions from the help box:

	SO	or	and	yet			
1. 11	try very hard in scho	ol	I am not receiving go	od grades.			
2. M	ly dad always works	hard	we can afford the t	hings we want.			
3.11	nave two goldfish	a cat	t.				
4. Y	ou can have peach i	ce-cream	a brownie sun	dae.			
II. Jo	oin these sentences	using the conju	nctions in brackets:				
1. T	1. The earth moves around the sun. The moon moves around the earth. (and)						
2. I covered my face with mask. The road was dusty. (as)							
3. He is fighting bravely. He is wounded. (although)							
4. I drink orange juice. I am sick. (when)							
III. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions from the brackets:							
1. It \	was very cold	he took b	ath with hot water. ( so, o	or, nor)			
2. Ri	a cannot sing	recite poetry	y from memory. (when, n	or, for)			
3. Pc	3. Pooja scores good marks in English, she cannot speak it well.(and, unless, yet)						
4. Do	you like the hills of	Darjeeling	the sea of Dig	ha? (but, or, so)			

LEARN CB: POEM- THE HUT ( WRITTEN)

# CREATIVE WRITING: OUTLINE STORY

Outlines: in the forest – a lion – hungry- could not find anything to eat- saw a mouse-					
caught it- then saw a deer- released the mouse- tried to catch the deer- but failed-					
disappointed					

## Reading Comprehension (Unseen passage)

Read this passage carefully and answer the questions:

### **Leopards-Solitary Cats**

The leopards are large solitary cats that has a fawn or brown coat with black spots, native to the forests of Africa and Southern Asia, India and China. The leopard's main food source is meat. It hunts weaker animals in order to have food. Some of its favorite types of food include deer, pigs, and antelope. It will even hunt for fish and crabs in the water because unlike most cats, leopards love the water. Their dark spots help them blend with their surroundings. Their spots help them hide while they search for prey.

When a leopard catches an animal, it is strong enough to carry it up a tree. This is due to its powerful leg muscles. It can run up to 30 miles an hour, and it can jump forward about 20 feet. They are known for being the strongest of the big cats. Sometimes they are mixed up with cheetahs, but they are not the same!

Leopards are nocturnal animals. This means they prefer to sleep during the day and move around at night. They have amazing eyesight and can see much better in the dark than a human. Being nocturnal is good for the leopard because it prefers to be alone most of the time. While most leopards have light fur with dark spots, there is a different type called the black leopard. It has dark fur with dark spots. It can be hard to see the spots because they blend into the rest of the fur. Unfortunately, the leopard population has been declining in recent years. This means there are fewer leopards being born.

Leopards are often confused with	·
a) puma b) cheetah c) tiger	
2) The meaning of the word	is something which is 'active at night'
Match the facts: -	
1) A leopard has powerful leg muscles.	a) It's difficult to see the spots. ( )
<ol><li>The dark spots on the fur of the black leopard blend into the rest of the fur.</li></ol>	b) They hunt for fish and crabs. ( )
3) Unlike most cats, leopards love the water.	c) It can run up to 30 miles an hour. ( )

**Answer the following Questions**