INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL - DAMMAM

	STD - I	I English Grai	nmar Worksheet N	0.1
Name :	The chairm of the control of the control of the chairm of the control of the chairm of the chairm of the control of the control of the chairm of the control of the chairm		Div :	Date :
		NOUNS		
Look at the pictures	and read	the following	sentences:	
The boy is skipping	She ha	s a balloon .	A fish swims.	He lives in Delhi .
The word 'boy' is t	he <i>name</i> of	f a person .		
The word 'balloon'		_		
The word 'fish' is t				
The word ' Delhi' is	The contract of the second section of the second second	10 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10		
A 'noun' is the na	me of a pe	rson, place, a	inimal or thing. Not	uns are <u>naming words</u> .
1. Underline the not 1. Nina goes to 1 2. The clown is j 3. Tim lives in M 4. Our garden is 5. Uncle Sam bo 6. Kangaroos ard 7. Seema is a cle 8. We will be go II. Write each noun	the park neuggling the lumbai. full of flow ught a new e found in sever girl. ing to Paris	e her house. balls. vers. car. Australia. in June.		ANIMAL
PERSON				
¥ .	frog sister	queen chair	bread cow	market hospital

city

parrot

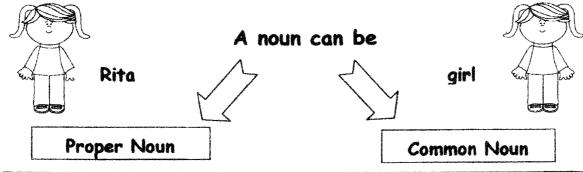
key

pilot

1. car	scooter	bus	ball	van
2. milk	juice	glass	tea	coffee
3. astronaut	bear	waiter	farmer	doctor
4. potato	brinjal	carrot	egg	cabbage
V. Fill in the b	lanks with suitable	nouns:	t om state en de state de state de state de state de state de seu de state de state de state de state de state	
The contract of the contract o		, lotus , postman ,	stable, k	ing, May)
A person wl	ho bakes bread, cak	ses and cookies		T.
	TOTAL DE NORTHWEST STORE			
	Di d			
		2. A		ves in
		a palace.		.
				XXXX
. The	15	s the national flower o	f India.	300
		4. The letters.		orings us
	4		<u>_</u> 5.3	P
. A baby shee	p is called a	*	Smit	
			W W	
		6. A horse is ke	ept in a	activativa di Albandia von activativa di Sandia secondo di Albandia segunta sond
				MAY E of S. F. A.
	is the fil	fth month of the year.	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	67891011
works distributed during an exhibited distributed of the control or appeals to a control of the				20 II 20 IV IV I
	- 529	8.		reat leader.

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL - DAMMAM STD II ENGLISH GRAMMAR WORKSHEET NO. 2

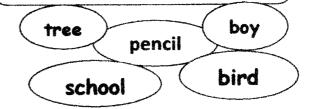
NAME:	DIV: DATE:
COMMON	N AND PROPER NOUNS
Namir	g words are called nouns.
Nouns are the name	es of people, places, animals and things.
	A noun can be



A proper noun is the exact name of a particular person, place or thing. All proper nouns begin with a capital letter.



A common noun talks about people, places and things in general. Common nouns do not begin with a capital letter.

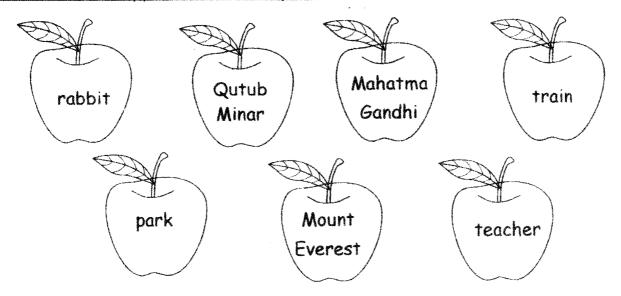


Q.1 Circle the common nouns and underline the proper nouns:

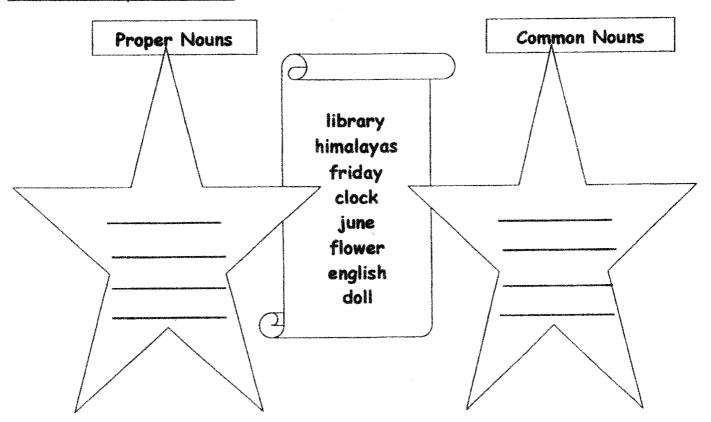
- a. Tina is a clever girl.
- b. The museum is closed on Sunday.
- c. Rohit bought a new car.
- d. My brother lives in Dubai.
- e. The Ganga is a very long river.
- f. Snow White lived in the dark forest.



Q.2 Colour the apples Red for Proper Nouns and Green for Common Nouns:



Q.3 Choose and write each noun in the correct star. Remember to begin proper nouns with capital letters:



INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM. ENGLISH GRAMMAR WORKSHEET NO: 03 STD II

NAME:	DIV:	DATE:
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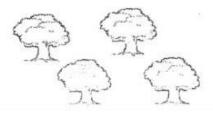
SINGULAR - PLURAL

Look at the pictures and read the following:









one apple

three apples

one tree

many trees

- When a noun talks of only one person, place, animal or thing, it is said to be in the singular number. For example: apple, tree, cat, duck etc.
- When a noun talks of more than one person, place, animal or thing, it is said to be in the plural number. For example: apples, trees, cats, ducks etc.

There are many ways to change a singular noun into a plural noun.

1. Nouns are usually made into plural by adding -s. *girl - girls *bag - bags

*kite - kites

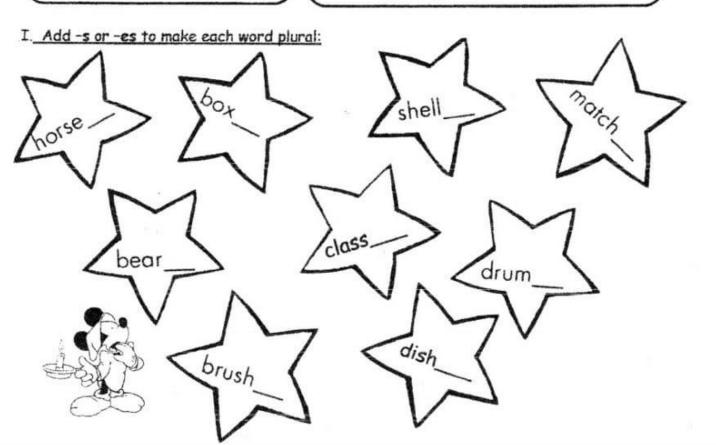
2. Nouns that end with s, ss, ch, sh or x are made into plural by adding -es.

*bus - buses

* watch - watches

* glass - glasses

* fox - foxes



	with 'y' are made into le 'y' and adding -ies. * lady - ladies	4. If a noun ends with a vowel to a -y, just add -s to make it *monkey - monkeys * ra	plural.
II. Write the	plurals of the nours given	below:	Q
1.key	2. valley	3.baby	
4. pony	5.toy-	6. story	
The second secon		into plural by cutting f or fe and *life - lives * half - halves	
1. calf	2. wife	3. leaf	_ &
6. s	ome nouns change their spe * man - men	llings (vowels) to form the plural. * tooth - teeth	
III. <u>Change the</u>	vowels to form plurals:		R
1. foot	2. woman	3. goose	_ 5
7.5	ome nouns change totally to	form the plural. * mouse- mice	
1. child		2. ox	A.
8. Do you kn	ow that some nouns remain t	the same, whether we mean one or m	nany?
* sh	eep - sheep * moos	se-moose * deer-dee	r -
IV. Fill in the b	anks with the correct form	of noun from the brackets:	600
1. My mother	bought a new	(car / cars)	
2. Nitin had	two(p	each / peaches) after lunch.	
3. The	(thief / thiev	res) was hiding behind the tre	e. 🥏
4. The	(pen / pens)	is kept on the table.	3900
5. Tanya has	a purple	_ (dress / dresses).	9690
6 The	(child /	children) are hungry.	THE THE