# INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM. MIDDLE SECTION

#### **CLASS VI ENGLISH MIDTERM WORKSHEET -2025**

#### CB: L-4 Out in the Wild

A. C	A. Complete these sentences using and/or/but/so/Yet.				
1.	It was raining,	_ they played outside.			
2.	You must complete your homew	ork, you will be punished.			

3. We waited long they didn't come.

- 4. He practiced daily,\_\_\_\_\_he won the race.
- 5. I studied hard, \_\_\_\_\_ I did not pass.
- 6. The task was difficult, \_\_\_\_\_he completed it.
- 7. The sun was shining the birds were singing.

#### B. Join these sentences using the correct coordinating conjunctions.

- 1. The jacket was a bit too small. It was still very comfortable.
- 2. We played very professionally. We lost the game.
- 3. Rohan was sick. He could not attend the school.
- 4. She's fluent in French. She can speak a little Spanish.
- 5. Would you prefer coffee? Would you prefer tea?

#### C. Underline the main clauses and circle the subordinate clauses in these sentences.

- 1. Although it was cold, we still went swimming
- 2. She won the race, which was a surprise to everyone.
- 3. I'll be home late, even if I leave now.
- 4. Since you are here, you should stay for dinner.
- 5. I finished my homework before my father came.

#### D. Complete these complex sentences by choosing the correct subordinating conjunctions

1.		_ she left for the office, she locked all the doors. (b	efore/until
2.	He was happy	he passed his exam. (because/whether)	
3.	We can't go to the	e park it is raining. (before/because)	
4.	I	was tired, I went to bed early. (While/since)	
5.	I will call you	I get home from work. (after/until)	

### E. Match the 'make' expressions in column A with their correct meanings in column B and fill in the blanks in the sentences that follow these expressions.

A	В
1. make a splash a. to behave in a loud and angry way in public	
2. make do	b. to make someone very angry
3. make one's blood boil	c. to have just enough money to pay for the things you need
4. make ends meet	d. to suddenly become very successful or well known.
5. make a scene	e. to use what is available although it is not enough or what you wanted

1.	It really	when I see people littering in the park.
2.	The company's new product launch is expected to _	with customers.
3.	He was so upset about the wrong order that he started	ed to in the restaurant.
4.	I don't have all the right ingredients, so I'll just have	to with what's in the pantry.
5.	It's difficult to	on a part-time salary.
		·

#### F. Put semicolons in the correct places in these sentences

- 1. The movie was fantastic the special effects were incredible.
- 2. She loves to travel her favourite destination is Italy.
- 3. I finished my homework now I can go to the party.
- 4. The weather was terrible it rained all day.
- 5. He is an excellent musician he plays both the piano and the violin.
- 6. The first speaker was boring the second one was much more engaging.
- 7. You should pack a warm coat the weather forecast predicts cold temperatures.

#### CB: L-4 To the Memory of a Lion

#### A. Change these sentences into Indirect Speech

- 1. She said, "I am very tired as I have worked very hard."
- 2. Rahul said, "I play cricket on weekends."
- 3. The teacher said to me, "You are late today."
- 4. He said, "We are going to the park tomorrow."
- 5. Ananya said, "My mother is cooking dinner for my friends now."
- 6. They said, "We completed our homework yesterday."
- 7. The boy said, "I was trying to solve this problem for a long time."

#### B. FIll the blanks using the correct binomial expressions from the box.

L	sooner or later	far and wide	now and then	dos and don'ts
	bit by bit	to and fro	fair and square	
1.	You will have to follow	w the if you w	ant to use the science lab	safely.
2.	The little child ran	across the garden		
3.	Don't worry, you'll su	cceed if you k	eep working hard.	
4.	The thief was caught _	by the police.		
5.	She searched	for her lost kitten.		
6.	Life gets boring somet	imes, but som	ething exciting happens.	
7.	He saved money	until he could buy	a bicycle.	

#### L-2 WORKBOOK

#### A. Rewrite these sentences as directed in the brackets

- 1. What a beautiful day! (Change into declarative. use 'it is')
- 2. The child is so smart. (Change into exclamatory. use 'how')

- 3. Elsa should be taught a lesson. (Change into imperative. use 'teach')
- 4. They like pizza (Change into interrogative. use 'do')
- 5. Are you going to the party? (Change into declarative. use 'I'

#### B. Rewrite these sentences using the correct phrases from the box.

	of the clock	with the broken glass	about photography	after the sun sets
I	in the next room	because of its songs	living in Delhi	in a red brick house

- 1. He cut his foot. (how?)
- 2. The hands ticked slowly. (of what)
- 3. This book is selling like hot cakes.(which?)
- 4. The band became famous. (Why?)
- 5. The murder was committed near the forest. (Where?)
- 6. The sky turns a beautiful shade of orange. (When?)
- 7. My friend is very angry with me(Who?)
- 8. A big brown carpet was spoiled by my sister. (Where?)

#### C. Join these sentences using the correct coordinating conjunctions to form compound sentences.

- 1. Ajay is smart. He doesn't always pay attention.
- 2. Anjali prepared for the test. She didn't feel prepared.
- 3. You can stay home. You can go to the party.
- 4. He studied. He passed the exam.
- 5. Water is very precious. I hate to waste even a drop of water.

#### D. Complete these sentences with the correct subordinating conjunctions from the box

however	while	although	when
if	therefore	in spite of	unless

1.	We'll go to the beach tomo	orrow, it rains.
2.		she was tired, she still finished her homework.
3.	I'll call you	I get home.
4.	He was very busy;	, he couldn't attend the meeting.
5.	She continued her speech	the constant interruptions.
6.		ou finish your work; you can go outside and play.

7.	She wanted to visit Paris;	, she had to save a lot of money.
8.	I was walking	to the store; I saw a friend.

#### E. In each pair of sentences, tick the complex sentence and underline the subordinate clause.

- 1. a) She studied hard, and she passed the exam.
  - b) She passed the exam because she studied hard.
- 2. a) He didn't like the dessert, yet he ate it anyway.
  - b) He ate the dessert even though he didn't like it.
- 3. a) We lit a fire after the sun set.
  - b) The sun set, so we lit a fire.
- 4. a) She wanted to join the team, but she missed the tryouts.
  - b) She couldn't join the team because she missed the tryouts.
- 5. a) I will cook dinner, and you can wash the dishes.
  - b) You can wash the dishes after I cook dinner.
- 6. a) He couldn't solve the puzzle although he tried many times.
  - b) He tried many times, but he still couldn't solve the puzzle.
- 7. a) The teacher gave us homework, so we started working on it right away.
  - b) We started working on the homework as soon as the teacher gave it to us.

#### F. Vocabulary

#### Underline the odd one out in each set of synonyms.

1.	cautious	careful	quiet	watchful
2.	sudden	hasty	unexpected	immediate
3.	spot	find	examine	locate
4.	sharp	witty	clever	intelligent
5.	cheerful	merry	joyous	content

#### G. In the given sentences, add semicolons where needed.

- 1. My brother is an engineer my sister is a doctor
- 2. The weather for the week was cold, windy and rainy hot, humid and sticky or calm, mild and pleasant.
- 3. I went to the library it was closed.
- 4. We visited Delhi, India Cairo, Egypt and Nairobi, Kenya.
- 5. He didn't study for the test he still passed with good marks.
- 6. I packed shirts, pants and jackets shoes, socks and sandals and hats, scarves and gloves.
- 7. The movie was long I enjoyed every moment.
- 8. We met Sarah, the class topper John, the football captain and Priya, the head girl.

#### Workbook L-3

# A. Complete these sentences with the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets and write if they are transitive (T) or intransitive Verbs (IT) 1. She (read) starwhealts every evening before going to had to relev after a long day.

1.	Sile (read) storybooks every evening before going to bed to relax after a folig day.
2.	The workers (build) a beautiful bridge across the river right now.
3.	The little baby (cry) loudly in the middle of the night, waking everyone.
4.	This morning, I (eat) a delicious apple that I had picked from the garden.
5.	After the storm, the sun (shine) brightly in the clear blue sky, giving everyone hope.
6.	He(write) a long letter to his best friend, describing everything that had happened
	during the trip.
7.	The children (sleep) peacefully under the stars in the campsite, tired after a day of hiking.

#### B. Tick $\checkmark$ if the highlighted words are objects. Cross if they are not.

- 1. She reads **novels** every night.
- 2. The children played in the garden.
- 3. We bought **flowers** for the teacher.
- 4. The baby cried all night in the **crib**.
- 5. Birds are flying in the **sky**.
- 6. He painted a beautiful **picture** of the mountain
- 7. They are watching a **movie** together.

#### C. Correct the errors and rewrite these sentences in the correct tenses.

- 1. She go to the market yesterday.
- 2. He play football now.
- 3. They finish their homework when their father came.
- 4. I go to the park when it started raining.
- 5. She will went to Delhi next week.
- 6. While the children played in the garden, the gardener watched them.

#### D. Rearrange the words in the correct order to form sentences in tenses as given in the brackets.

- 1. yesterday / to the museum / class / went / our / morning / in the (Simple Past tense)
- 2. is / his homework / in the library / doing / Rahul / quietly / now (Present Continuous)
- 3. finished / already / project / they / their / have / science (Present Perfect tense)
- 4. next Sunday / going / we / to / are /a picnic / the / for / countryside (Future Continuous)
- 5. raining / when / heavily / started / were / it / we / playing / cricket

(Past Continuous+ Simple Past)

- 6. always / before going to bed / reading / she / enjoys / novels ( Simple Present tense)
- 7. at this time tomorrow / will / preparing / students / be / for / the / competition

(Future Continuous tense)

### E. Complete with the correct question tags.

1.	She is a doctor,	?	
2.	They won't play cricket,		?
3.	You should come to the party,		_?
4.	He doesn't like tea,	?	
5.	We have finished our homework,		?
6.	The train is late today,	?	
7.	He swam across the wide lake,	?	

8. You were at the library yo	esterday,	?			
9. Ritu can go for a walk,?  10. Rashi stole my pen,?					
<u>Vocabulary</u>					
A. Complete the sentences win necessary.	th the correct words t	from the list given belo	w. change the form wherever		
(smudge, scribble, carve,	stroke, outline, fill)				
	re, the artist decided to	the n	nountain range lightly with a		
pencil. 2. The children were excited	d to b	right colors into the draw	wings they had made for the art		
competition.  3. Be careful not to	the cha	rcoal sketch while turni	ng the pages of the		
sketchbook. 4. It took the craftsman mar	y days to	tiny flowers into the we	ooden frame of the mirror.		
<ul><li>5. With one final brush</li><li>6. The clerk asked me to</li><li>submitting it.</li></ul>					
· ·	o a shor	t message on the back o	f the envelope and ran out of the house	e.	
B. Underline the correct wo	rds to form adjective	-noun collocation.			
<u>Noun</u>	<b>Adjectives</b>				
<ol> <li>chance</li> <li>relationship</li> <li>change</li> <li>difference</li> <li>role</li> <li>thought</li> </ol>	heavy/thin/sli healthy/ slow strong/ light/s tall/ deep/mir fast/ key/ clos deep/ fast/ bi	/ full sudden nor se			
Spelling					
Underline the words that an	e spelled correctly.				
1. accommodate	2. dissappeared	3. goverment	4. rehearsal		
5. ocassion	6. occurred	7. bungalow	8glamorous		
9. curiousity	10. appetite	11. accepteble	12. untill		
13. necessary	14. accidentaly	15. completion	16. noticable		
Grammar land L-17 Conjunction	<u>ons</u>				
A. Choose the correct answ	ers to complete these	sentences.			
1. I like to eat ice cream, a) and b) or	1. I like to eat ice cream, my brother prefers cake. a) and b) or c) but d) so				
2. We can go to the beach we can go to the mountains.					
a) for b) or	c) yet d) so				

3.	Aston studied	hard for the te	st, he	passed with a high score.		
	a) for	b) but	c) so	d) nor		
4.	4. Hiba didn't call me did she send a text message.					
	a) or	b) yet	c) nor	d) so		
5.	I was late to th	e meeting,	_ the traffic	c was heavy.		
	a) so	b) for	c) but	d) yet		
B. Un	derline the cor	njunctions in t	the given se	entences.		
2. 3. 4. 5.	Steve didn't w We can't go ou	ad and write.  fore or I'll go to t I don't drink i ant to eat nor o atside until the	o the library it often. lid he want sun comes	to drink.		
C. Co	omplete these so	entences using	g when or v	while.		
	4 the doctor came in; the nurse took my temperature.					
D. Cł	oose the corre	ct conjunction	s from the	brackets to complete these sentences.		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Atul liked the movie (although /because) it had a very epic twist.  (Although/Because) their car crashed, my cousin and her friends survived.					
E. Jo	in these senten	ces using the	conjunctio	n 'for'.		
1.	I stayed at hor	ne. I was feelin	ng sick.			
2.	Rehana took an umbrella. It looked like it was going to rain.					
3.	Kyle decided to leave early. He had an important meeting.					
4.	We could not go swimming. The pool was closed.					
5.	They were ver	ry happy. They	had won th	ne match.		
<u>Gran</u>	ımar Land L-2	0 Direct and 1	Indirect Sp	<u>oeech</u>		

#### <u>Gr</u>

#### A. Write if these sentences are in direct speech (DS) or in indirect speech (IDS)

- 1. Riya said, "I am feeling very tired."
- 2. "Will you help me with my homework?" asked Arjun.
- 3. She said that she would visit her grandparents next weekend.
- 4. He said, "My father is a doctor."
- 5. They said that they had already completed the project.
- 6. "You are under arrest," the policeman said to the man.

- 7. She told me that she couldn't come to school because she was sick.
- 8. The teacher told us that the earth moves around the sun.

#### B. Choose the correct form of indirect speech for the given sentences in direct speech.

#### 1. Direct: She said, "I am learning French."

- a) She said that she is learning French.
- b) She said that she was learning French.
- c) She said that I was learning French.
- d) She said that I am learning French.

#### 2. Direct: He said, "I will call you tomorrow."

- a) He said that he will call me tomorrow.
- b) He said that he would call me tomorrow.
- c) He said that he would call me the next day.
- d) He said that I will call you the next day.

#### 3. Direct: They said, "We are playing football."

- a) They said that they are playing football.
- b) They said that they were playing football.
- c) They said that we were playing football.
- d) They said that they had been playing football.

#### 4. Direct: Riya said, "I went to the park yesterday."

- a) Riya said that she had gone to the park yesterday.
- b) Riya said that she went to the park the previous day.
- c) Riya said that she had gone to the park the previous day.

#### 5. Direct: The teacher said, "Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius."

- a) The teacher said that water boiled at 100 degrees Celsius.
- b) The teacher said that water boils at 100 degrees Celsius.
- c) The teacher said that water had boiled at 100 degrees Celsius.

#### 6. Direct: She said, "I can solve this problem."

- a) She said that she can solve this problem.
- b) She said that she could solve that problem.
- c) She said that I could solve that problem.
- d) She said that she could solve this problem.

#### 7. Direct: He said, "I have completed my homework."

- a) He said that he had completed his homework.
- b) He said that he has completed his homework.
- c) He said that I had completed my homework.

#### 8. Direct: Meera said, "I am going to Delhi next week."

- a) Meera said that she was going to Delhi next week.
- b) Meera said that she is going to Delhi the following week.
- c) Meera said that she was going to Delhi the following week.

#### C. Complete these sentences in indirect speech.

1.	She said, "I like ice cream."		
	She said that ice cream.		
2.	He said, "I am studying for my exam."		
	He said that studying for his exam.		
3.	They said, "We went to the zoo yesterday."		
	They said that to the zoo the day.		
4.	. The teacher said, "Honesty is the best policy."		
	The teacher said that honesty the best policy.		
5.	Meera said, "I will help you."		
	Meera said that help me.		

6.	Rahul said, "I have finished my lunch."							
	Ral	ahul said that finished his lunch.						
7.	7. She said, "I cannot come to the party."							
	She	e said that not come to the party.						
8.		ey said, "We were playing football in the park."						
	The	ey said that playing football in the park.						
D.	Con	aplete these sentences in indirect speech form using correct possessive adjectives.						
	1.	She said, "This is my book."						
		She said that it was book.						
	2.	Rahul said, "I love my school."						
	2	Rahul said that he loved school.						
	3.	They said, "We are doing our homework."  They said that they were doing homework.						
	1	They said that they were doing homework.  Meera said, "I lost my purse."						
	т.	Meera said that she had lost purse.						
	5.	The boys said, "We forgot to bring our football."						
		The boys said that they had forgotten to bring football.						
	6.	Arjun said, "I must call my parents."						
		Arjun said that he had to call parents.						
	7.	She said, "My brother is waiting for me."						
	0	She said that brother was waiting for her.						
	8.	The children said, "We cleaned our classroom."						
		The children said that they had cleaned classroom.						
<b>E.</b> (	Cha	nge these sentences from direct to indirect speech.						
	1.	She said, "I am feeling unwell."						
	2.	Rahul said, "I like to play football."						
	3.	They said, "We are watching television."						
		Meera said, "I went to the park yesterday."						
		He said, "I will help my friend tonight."						
	6.	The teacher said, "The sun rises in the east."						
	7. •	The children said, "We have finished our homework for today."  Arjun said, "I can solve this sum right now."						
		She said, "My brother was waiting for me."						
		They said, "We shall go to the picnic next week."						
~								
<u>Gr</u>	<u>amn</u>	nar Land L-22 Question Tags						
A.	Ad	d the correct question tags from those given below.						
		wasn't it/aren't you/wasn't he/isn't it/weren't they/isn't he						
	1.	This is your notebook,?						
		They were at the party yesterday,?						
		He was absent from school last week,?						
		It was raining heavily yesterday,?						
	5.	He is your brother,?						
		You are coming to the picnic,?						
B	Add	the correct question tags using don't, doesn't, didn't.						
~•		You like chocolates,?						
	2.	She played the piano well,?						
		* ~ * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						

	3.	They live in this colony,?
	4.	The wind blew real hard today,?
	5.	You know the answer,?
		She loves reading books,?
C.		ld question tags to these affirmative statements. Add question marks also.
	1.	They can play in the garden,
	2.	He was at the market yesterday,
	3.	You will help me with this work,
	4.	We should respect our teachers,
	5.	I am writing a letter,
	6.	She has driven a car,
D.	Ad	ld question tags to these negative statements. Add question marks too.
	1.	She is not your best friend,
	2.	They aren't coming today,
	3.	You don't like bitter gourds,
	4.	The children shouldn't be disobedient,
	5.	You have not met her before,
	6.	She won't be late,

#### E. Rewrite these questions as statements with question tags.

- 1. Is she your sister?
- 2. Did they go to the zoo yesterday?
- 3. Can he drive a car?
- 4. Has she finished her homework?
- 5. Did the children enjoy the picnic?
- 6. Will he join us for lunch?
- 7. Should we respect our elders?

## Reading Comprehension The Future of Artificial Intelligence

#### Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has rapidly evolved over the last few decades, becoming an essential part of many industries. From healthcare and finance to transportation and entertainment, AI technologies are transforming the way we live and work. These systems are designed to analyze data, learn from experience, and make decisions without constant human intervention.

One exciting area of AI development is machine learning, where computers improve their performance by processing vast amounts of information. This has led to advancements such as self-driving cars, speech recognition, and automated customer service. Machine learning allows AI to adapt to new situations and solve complex problems, making it more versatile than ever before.

Despite these advancements, AI also presents significant challenges. For instance, concerns about privacy have increased as AI systems collect and analyze personal data. There are also worries about job displacement, as some roles may become automated. Furthermore, ensuring that AI systems are fair and unbiased remains an ongoing struggle, as flawed data can lead to unfair outcomes.

Looking ahead, many experts believe that AI will continue to grow in capability and influence. They emphasize the importance of developing ethical guidelines and regulations to manage AI's impact on society. By balancing innovation with responsibility, AI has the potential to improve many aspects of life while minimizing risks.

#### **Questions:**

2. What do AI system	ns primarily do?			
A) Replace human th	inking completely			
B) Analyze data, lear	n from experience, and	l make decisi	ons	
C) Control human ac	tions directly			
D) Work only when r	nanually operated			
3. What is one exciting	ng area of AI developm	nent mentione	ed in the passage?	
A) Cybersecurity	B) Machine learning	C) Robotic	es manufacturing I	D) Social media
4. Which of the follow	wing is a result of macl	hine learning	?	
A) Self-driving cars	B) Automated custor	ner service	C) Speech recognition	D) All of the above
5. What concern is ra	ised about AI systems?	?		
A) They may increase	e physical labor B) Th	ney may caus	e job displacement and	privacy issues
C) They may slow do	own industries D) T	hey may stop	technological growth	
6. Why is fairness in	AI outcomes difficult t	to ensure?		
A) Computers cannot store enough data  B) AI is too expensive				
C) Flawed data can lead to unfair results D) People do not want AI				
7. What do experts emphasize for the future of AI?				
8. What balance is ne	ecessary for AI's growth	h?		
9. According to the p	assage, what is AI's po	tential?		
10. Which of the follo	owing words is the best	t synonym fo	r versatile?	
A) Limited	B) Inflexible	C) Rigid	D) Adaptable	
Creative writing				
NOTICE WRITIN	1C			

1. In which industries is AI transforming the way we live and work?

- Q.1 You are the Head Girl/Head Boy of your school. The school is organizing a Cleanliness Drive in the campus. Write a notice informing students about the event, date, time, and what they should bring.
- Q.2 Your school is going to hold an Inter-House Drawing Competition. As the Cultural Secretary, write a notice inviting students to participate. Mention the date, venue and the last date of registration.

#### **DIARY ENTRY**

- Q.1 You won the First Prize in a Speech Competition held in your school today. Write a diary entry expressing your happiness and excitement.
- Q.2 Today was your birthday and your friends and family gave you a wonderful surprise party. Write a diary entry sharing how you felt and what happened during the celebration.