# INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM. MIDTERM REVISION WORKSHEET (2025-26) MIDDLE SECTION ENGLISH - CLASS 7

# **L-3 Singing by the River**

I. Complete these s	entences with the correct forn	ns of the adjectives in brackets.
1. The new policy se	eems(strict) than	the one we had before.
	(little)crowded durii	
3. Can you throw th	e ball (far) than yo	our brother?
4. She became	(confident) after practic	eing for the debate.
5. Of all the flowers	s in the garden, the rose looks the	e (beautiful).
II. Underline the a	djectives and identify their kir	nds.
	le attracts many tourists.	
2. He has <b>e</b> nough m	oney to buy the car.	
_	which colour do you prefer for t	the wall?
4. The king built his	s palace on the second hill.	
5. Those mountains	look amazing from here.	
		ents for safety.
L-5 The Great Wal	ll of Rishikesh (onlyPg:67,68)	
I Rearrange the w	ords to form complete sentence	ces using first conditionals in the correct places.
_	/you/afford/a vacation	tes using inst conditionals in the correct places.
1. 10 a/ ba v 0 / III o II o y/	your arrorara vacation	
2. They/study togeth	ner/they/learn/faster	
3. I /take /a taxi/the	train/is/delayed	
4. Everyone/enjoy/it	t/she/sings/	
5. You/wear/red/dres	ss /you/look/stunning	
II. Complete these	sentences in second conditions	al form.
1. If it rained,		
	ruth,	
3. If I knew animati	ion graphics,	
4. If I had a time tra	avel machine,	
	to the party,	
	money,	
	ımmer holidays,	
III. Comnlete these	e sentences in the second cond	itional form
•	the class monitor, I	
	see the Eiffel Tower if we	
	tomorrow, wes	
. II IV	tomorrow, wes	

4 If I	_ the answer, I tell you.
5. He	solve problems more easily if he more patient.
	_ serve pressume mere enemy is no mere puncein
L-6 The Unusual S	Spectator
	ntences with correct forms of verb given in the bracket.
1.The sun is	behind the mountains. (set)
2.She has	a letter to her friend. (write)
3. I saw the children	n in the park. (play)
4. They had	all the food before we arrived. (eat)
	_ stars looked beautiful in the night sky. (shine)
6. The old song was	s almost, but the teacher sang it again. (forget)
H C 1: 4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	entences using infinitives.
1. I have some hon	nework. I must finish it.
2 I don't have one	ugh money. I can't buy a new toy.
2. I don t have eno	ugh money. I can t buy a new toy.
3 Lonened the win	ndow. I wanted to let fresh air in
3. Topened the win	Now. I wanted to let fresh an in
4. The engineer des	signed a new system. It would reduce production time.
5. The manager int	roduced new rules. They would improve work efficiency.
•	ntences that have gerunds. Underline the gerunds.
1. I am writing a le	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	improve your vocabulary.
•	ted in learning new languages.
4. He was reading	quietly in the library.
IV Complete the	entences by adding the convect suffixes to the words
-	entences by adding the correct suffixes to the words.
	awarded a medal for his courage and during the fierce battle at sea. (leader)
2. The company va.	lues punctuality and of rules. (accept) announced a new in the city. (develop)
4 She studied	at university because she wanted to become a reporter. (journal)
5 Forest	affects the habitat of many animal species. (dense)
3. 1 01 <b>0</b> 5t	uncers the habitat of many animal species. (dense)
L-8 A Farmer's G	reatest Treasure
	ntences using the correct tense forms of the verb given in brackets.
	_ in this city for five years. (live)
2. Miha	, so she is very tired now. (run)
3. Tina	the party when we arrived. (leave)
4. He	football before it started to rain. (play)
	each other for years before we became colleagues. (know)
-	entences with the correct onomatopoeic words from the bracket.
` -	clatter, murmur, drizzle, creak)
1. The plates fell or	n the floor with a loud
	Page <b>2</b> of <b>10</b>

2. Children laughed as they made a big in the pool.				
3. I could hear the soft of voices in the library.				
4. The butterfly's wings began to in the sunlight.				
5. A light fell on the street, making everything look fresh.				
6. The old wooden door gave a long as it opened.				
III. Insert semicolon in the correct places in the given sentences.				
1. I studied hard for the test however I still found it difficult.				
2. The committee includes Sarah, the chairperson David, the secretary and Priya, the treasurer.				
3. Raina loves reading novels her brother prefer watching movies.				
<ul><li>4. On our Europe tour, we visited Berlin, Germany Paris, France and Vienna, Austria.</li><li>5. In our basket, we had apples, bananas, and grapes milk, cheese, and butter and bread, jam, and honey.</li></ul>				
WORKBOOK - 3 &4				
1. Complete the following sentences with correct tense forms of the words in the brackets				
1. While mother (cook), the baby started crying				
2. He (not/come) to the party last night. 3. He usually (take) the bus to school.				
4. I (not/see) him since last week.				
5. The dance troupe from Russia is to watch a Hindi film this Saturday. (plan) 6. I think nobody is in working on the new project. (interest)				
6. I think nobody is in working on the new project. (interest)				
7. Are any of you to submit your assignments today? (go)				
8. Some of the newsshocking. (be)				
II. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the sentences that express future time and cross (X) the ones that do not.				
1. The sun rises in the east.				
<ol> <li>The suffrises if the east.</li> <li>They are going to visit us next week.</li> </ol>				
3. He finished his homework.				
4. We shall have a test on Monday.				
5. I am reading a novel now.				
<ul><li>6. The train leaves at 6 p.m. tomorrow.</li><li>7. She cooks dinner every evening.</li></ul>				
8. I think it will rain tonight.				
ev i mana v v m van van veragen				
III. Choose the correct phrasal verbs from the box for the underlined words and rewrite.				
Break down Break through Break into Break up Break off Break out				
1. The burglars entered by force through the back door of the house.				
2.During the rescue mission, the firefighters <u>forced their way through an obstacle</u> of debris to save the trapped family.				
3. A fight <u>started suddenly</u> in the school playground.				
4. The bus stopped abruptly when a child ran onto the road.				
5. The washing machine stopped functioning, so we had to call a repairman.				
6. The shop <u>closed</u> early because of the holiday.				
D 0 110				

# IV.Complete these sentences with the correct forms of the onomatopoeic words from the box. squeal thud. groan rustle crash plop 1. The stone fell into the pond with a \_\_\_\_\_ 2. I heard a \_\_\_\_\_ in the bushes and saw a rabbit. 3. The football hit the goalpost with a loud 4. The mouse let out a tiny \_\_\_\_\_ when it was caught. 5. The old floor \_\_\_\_\_ under our weight. 6. The thunder made a loud \_\_\_\_\_ during the storm. V. Rewrite with correct punctuation: 1. what time is the meeting 2. stop shouting 3. oh no i forgot my homework 4. can you help me with this problem 5. i cant believe it said Rehan VI. Identify whether these sentences are in the first or in the second conditional. 1. If I had time, I would have lunch with you. 2. If they call me, I will attend the workshop. 3. If I were an artist, I would paint all over the town. 4. If I had enough money, I would go and explore the world. 5. If it gets sunny in the afternoon, we will go for a bicycle ride. VII. Complete these sentences with conditionals as directed in the brackets. 1. If it \_\_\_\_\_ (rain), we \_\_\_\_ (stay) at home. (First Conditional) 2. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a million dollars, I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a big house. (Second Conditional) 3. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) too much, you \_\_\_\_\_ (feel) sick. (First Conditional) 4. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a wallet on the road, I \_\_\_\_\_ (return) it to the owner. (Second Conditional) 5. If she \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a bicycle, she \_\_\_\_ (ride) to school. (Second Conditional) VIII. Complete the following sentences with suitable idioms given in the brackets. (saved by the bell, goes the extra mile, all ears, let bygones be bygones, blessing in disguise, added fuel to the fire) 1. His rude comments only \_\_\_\_\_during their argument. 2. When the teacher started explaining the surprise test, the students were \_\_\_\_\_\_. 3. Our teacher \_\_\_\_\_ by giving us extra worksheets to practice. 4. It's better to \_\_\_\_\_ than to hold grudges forever. 5. Adil was about to get caught for being late, but the assembly bell rang, and he was 6. Losing that job turned out to\_\_\_\_\_\_ be because he found a much better one. **GRAMMARLAND** L-15 Participles, L-16 Infinitives & L-17 Gerund 1.Underline the participles in these sentences. 1. The crying baby was comforted by her mother. 2. We saw a bird flying across the sky. 3. The broken vase lay on the floor. 4. Frightened, the cat hid under the bed. 5. She gave me a written note. 6. The falling leaves covered the ground.

7. Excited, the children ran to the park. 8. The burnt toast smelled terrible. 9. We watched the shining stars at night. 10. The tired man sat down to rest. II. Complete these sentences using the present participle forms of the verbs in the bracket. through the forest, we saw many birds. (walk) 2. The dog, \_\_\_\_\_ its tail, ran towards its owner. (wag) 3. the match, the crowd cheered loudly. (watch) 4. We saw a man, \_\_\_\_\_ a big bag, walking down the street. (carry)
5. She sat on the chair, \_\_\_\_\_ a book in her hand. (hold) III. Combine these sentences using present participles. 1. Riya opened her notebook. She began to write. 2. The boy saw a dog. He started running. 3. Mother cooked dinner. She listened to music. 4. The children played football. They shouted with joy. 5. The teacher explained the lesson. She wrote on the board. 6. Arjun looked out of the window. He saw a rainbow. 7. The bird sat on the tree. It sang sweetly. 8. Meera entered the room. She greeted everyone. IV. Replace the highlighted verbs with their past participle forms. 1. He has **write** three stories this year. 2. The vase was **break** into pieces by the naughty child. 3. We have **go** to Delhi many times. 4. The picture was **draw** by my sister. 5. They have **eat** all the chocolates. 6. The homework was **do** by Ankit before dinner. V. Write whether the highlighted words perform the function of a Verb (V) or an Adjective (A). 1. He is writing a letter to his friend. 2. The **fallen** leaves covered the ground. 3. She kept **smiling** throughout the program. 4. The **burning** candle gave a sweet smell. 5. We were **watching** television when the lights went out. 6. The **tired** man slept peacefully. 7. The dog was **barking** loudly at strangers. \_\_\_\_ 8. Sonu was **excited** about her birthday party. VI. Underline the infinitives in these sentences. 1. She wants to play the piano. 2. I love to read storybooks before sleeping. 3. They decided to go for a picnic. 4. He promised to help me with my homework. 5. We are planning to visit our grandparents. 6. The teacher asked us to listen carefully. 7. She forgot to bring her notebook. 8. He likes to swim in the sea.

VII. C	Combine these sentences using infinitives.
1.	She studies regularly. She wants to pass the exam.
2.	I woke up early. I could catch the first bus.
3.	He practiced a lot. He hoped to win the match.
4.	They left the house. They wanted to avoid the rain.
5.	She whispered softly. She did not want to wake the baby.
6.	We saved money. We planned to buy a new bicycle.
7.	He ate quickly. He wanted to finish his meal before school.
8.	I stayed up late. I needed to complete my homework.
ΉI. (	Complete these sentences with the to infinitives of the verbs given in the box.
L	ock post climb buy throw visit
1	I amount to the sale of the sa
1.	I went to the shop some fruits.  Don't forget the door before leaving.
3.	We plan the museum tomorrow.
4. 5	The wanted the tail tree in the park.
<i>5</i> .	He wanted the fall tree in the park.  They offered the letters for me.  The boy tried the ball into the basket.
0.	the boy tried the ball into the basket.
X. Ti	ck (√) the sentences that have gerunds. Then, underline the gerunds.
1	Risha is fond of playing basketball.
	I like to read books in the evening.
	Swimming is good for health.
	He enjoys listening to music.
	She wants to go to the park.
	Writing stories is his favorite hobby.
	They decided to watch a movie.
8.	Dancing makes me happy.
. Co	mplete these sentences with Gerund of the verbs given in the bracket.
(writ	te, play, read, cook, dance, swim)
	She is fond of in the evenings. The children enjoy in the park.
	Page <b>6</b> of <b>10</b>

3.	He spends his holidays	in the river.
4.	I love at parti	es.
5.	My brother is good at	stories.
6.	Mother likes	delicious meals for us.

### XI. Rewrite these sentences using the gerund forms of the highlighted verbs.

- 1. Rahul started to read.
- 2. She continued to work.
- 3. They stopped to talk.
- 4. I prefer to walk in the morning.
- 5. We hate **to wait** for long hours.
- 6. He likes **to swim** in the pool.

## L-22 Indirect Speech& L-23 Indirect Questions

# I. Tick the correct sentences in indirect speech to match these sentences in direct speech.

- 1. He said, "Please sit down".
  - a. He requested me to sit down.
  - b. He requested me sit down.
- 2. "Do your homework," said mother.
  - a. Mother told me to do my homework.
  - b. Mother asked me do my homework.
- 3. "Don't touch the vase," said Dad.
  - a. Dad instructed me not to touch the vase.
  - b. Dad instructed me don't touch the vase.
- 4. "Open the window," said the teacher.
  - a. The teacher told me that I open the window.
  - b. The teacher told me to open the window.
- 5. "Where are you going?" asked Remya.
  - a. Remya asked where I was going.
  - b. Remya asked where you are going.
- 6. "Did you complete the project?" asked the teacher.
  - a. The teacher asked if I had completed the project.
  - b. The teacher asked if I have completed the project.
- 7. "Can you help me?" asked Arjun.
  - a. Arjun asked if I could help him.
  - b. Arjun asked if I can help him.

#### II. Change these commands and requests from direct speech to indirect speech.

- 1. "Please close the door," Manu said to his sister.
- 2. "Complete your work now," said the Manager to the employee.
- 3. "Don't touch the vase," said Dad.
- 4. "Bring me a glass of water," said father.
- 5. "Write your name on the top of the paper," said the teacher.
- 6. "Don't play near the construction site," said the police officer.

#### III. Choose the correct reporting verbs from the brackets to complete these sentences.

- 1. My friend (promised/ordered) to help me with my project.
- 2. The doctor (advised/ordered) Syed to take rest for a few days.

4. 5. 6. 7.	The policeman (requested/ordered) the driver to show his license.  Mother (reminded/warned) me to carry my lunchbox to school.  The stranger (inquired/warned) where the nearest bus stop was.  The shopkeeper (requested/advised) me to pay the bill on time.  Father (ordered/suggested) me to switch off the television and study.  The captain (encouraged/suggested) the players to practice harder.		
	IV. Circle the errors in these sentences in indirect speech. Rewrite the correct sentences in the spaces provided.		
1.	He said to me, "Where are you going?" He asked me where was I going.		
2.	She said to him, "Open the window." She told to him that open the window.		
3.	Hamdan said to me, "Do you like music?" Hamdan asked me did I like music.		
4.	The teacher said to the boys, "Don't run in the corridor."  The teacher enquired the boys don't to run in the corridor.		
	Mother said to me, "Where have you been?"  Mother asked me where had I been.		
	The policeman said to the driver, "Stop the car immediately." The policeman told to the driver that he stops the car immediately.		
	He said to the shopkeeper, "Can you show me this shirt?" He asked the shopkeeper could he show him that shirt.		
8.	The librarian said to the children, "Don't make noise." The librarian told the children don't make noise.		
V. (	Change into indirect speech		
1.	He said to me, "Where are you going?"		
2.	The teacher said to Riya, "Why were you absent yesterday?"		
3.	Father said to me, "When will you finish your homework?":		
4.	Ali said to the Varun, "How did you solve this sum?"		
5.	The policeman said to the driver, "Where did you park your car?"		
6.	The boy said to the teacher, "Will you explain this chapter again?"		
7.	Henry said to me, "Do you like music?"		
-	 Page <b>8</b> of <b>10</b>		

8. Mother said to me, "Have you completed your project?"
9. Father said to me, "Did you lock the door?"
10. "Where have you kept my book?" asked Raj.
READING COMPREHENSION
Read the passage given below.
The Indian space program has made significant strides in recent years. The launch of Mangalyaan, India's Mars Orbiter Mission, was a major milestone. The spacecraft was launched in 2013 and entered Mars' orbit in 2014. Since then, it has been sending valuable data about the Martian atmosphere and geology. The Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) has also made significant progress in satellite technology. India's satellites have been used for a variety of purposes, including weather forecasting, communication, and navigation. ISRO has also launched several successful missions to the Moon and has plans to send astronauts to space in the near future. India's space program is notable not just for its achievements but also for its cost-effectiveness. ISRO has managed to achieve impressive results at a fraction of the cost of space agencies in other countries. This is a testament to the ingenuity and hard work of Indian scientists and engineers.
1. What is the name of India's Mars Orbiter Mission?
a) Mangalyaan b) Chandranan c) Gagan Yaan d) Vikram
2. When did the Mangalyaan spacecraft enter Mars' orbit?
a) 2013 b) 2014 c) 2015 d) 2016
3. What are some of the purposes for which India's satellites have been used?
a) Weather forecasting and communication b) Navigation and astronomy c) Earth observation and meteorology d) All of the above
4. What is notable about India's space program?
a) Its high-cost b) Its cost-effectiveness c) Its lack of achievements d) Its limited scope
5. What is ISRO planning to do in the near future?
a) Launch a mission to the sun b) Send astronauts to space c) Launch a mission to Jupiter d) Develop a new rocket
6. India's space program is one of the most expensive in the world. (True/false)
7. ISRO has launched several successful missions to the moon (True/false)
8. Find out the synonyms from the passage -a) <i>initiated</i> b) <i>Precious</i>
9. What is Mangalyaan Mission?

10. What type of technology has ISRO developed for various purpose?

#### **COMPOSITION:**

#### EMAIL WRITING

Imagine that you are Sneha/Sanoj. Write an email to your younger brother advising him how to study effectively for his final exams.

OR

Your younger brother/sister is going to travel alone for the first time to attend a school competition in another city. Write an email advising him/her on how to stay safe during the journey. In your email, include details such as:

- Keeping personal belongings safe
- Being cautious while interacting with strangers
- Following safety rules and emergency precautions

# **ADVERTISEMENT**

You are working for a fitness club opening a new branch. Draft an advertisement highlighting gym facilities, trainers, membership offers, and health benefits. Make it persuasive for young professionals and students.

OR

You are working for a mobile company introducing a new smartphone. Draft an advertisement emphasizing its camera quality, battery life, and sleek design etc.

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#### **ALL THE BEST**